THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1866.

THE Republicans of Somerset are in the field with local candidates in advance of their brethren of all the other counties of the Commonwealth.

THE feeling is growing in Congress that, so far as relates to the white population, the desirable point to reach is the exclusion of the rebel leaders from office.

THE Fort Wayne railroad is trying the experiment of running a sleeping car from Chicago all the way to New York, so that passengers may be saved the trouble of changing cars.

MR. H. J. RAYMOND, on the floor of the House, spoke strongly in favor of the Congressional scheme of reconstruction. He says the N. Y. *Times* does not represent his views of the subject.

THE President has prohibited Gen. Howard from giving any information relative to outrages committed by Southern whites on the freedmen. Of course, "my Policy" appears best, the less information the people have of the actual condition of affairs.

MR. D. A. WELLS, Chairman of the United Revenue Commission, expresses very strongly the opinion that the financial safety of the government consists in not adding to the public debt. That is precisely what all practical business men have seen for a long time.

IT MAY be convenient for Republican bummers to know that if they desire appointments from President JOHNSON, they must get the endorsement of the member of the Democratic State Committee of the county in which they live. Plain people may not see it, but this is what is meant in court circles by fighting it out inside the the Republican lines.

THE awards to the Chambersburg sufferers, under the recent act of Assembly appropriating half a million of dollars for their relief, have been made, and the names of persons and the respective amounts are published in the *Repository*. The Commissioners appear to have performed their delicate duty to the satisfaction of all concerned. They make the aggregate losses $1,624,474.58.

MANY SOUTHERN people are writing to members of the Senate and House in favor of the Congressional plan. Many other Southern men, now at Washington, approve the plan except the proposition to prevent rebels from voting until 1870. They take the same view on that point we did yesterday, that the rebels will vote, notwithstanding any restrictions put upon them.

THE Monitor Manayunk, at Cairo, made a trial trip April 27. She ran to Mound City, eight miles, in one hour and twenty minutes, and ran the same distance, returning with the current, in thirty-two minutes. The machinery of the Manayunk was built by Snowden & Mason, of Brownsville and Pittsburgh, Pa. Her turrett is supplied with two 15-inch guns, each weighing 42,900 pounds.

THE *West and South*, a radical Democratic journal of Cincinnati, does not treat President JOHNSON with the respect due to his exalted station. This uncompromising Copperhead says that the President "multiplies his old Tennessee stump speeches from the front steps of the White House. It is the endless repetition of ANDY JOHNSON, and signifies only that a small man in a large place can make an unearthly noise."

THE Auburn (N. Y.) *Journal* recently contained an article, dictated if not written by Mr. SEWARD, in which the conclusion is reached, that it may reasonably be expected that in 1868 the South will choose electors of President, and if it should so happen that these electoral votes, together with those of the Northern Democrats, "are enough to elect a President and Vice-President, and they are not allowed, there will be political trouble of a very formidable character," and with President JOHNSON in command of the military the candidates so elected could not be kept out of office.

The Constitutional Amendment of the Committee of Fifteen.

TARENTUM, May 2, 1866.

EDITORS GAZETTE:—Having noticed an article in last evening's *Chronicle*, copied from the New York *Times*, and which was evidently intended to misrepresent the subject on which it treats, I beg leave, through your columns, to show both its sophistry and *falsity*. In commenting on the plan presented to Congress by the Committee of Fifteen, the editor of the *Times* says: "After asserting and maintaining that the rebel States have no existence the Committee frame a Constitutional amendment, and then refer it to the same States for ratification; thereby acknowledging their existence, and soliciting their assistance." The editor of the New York *Times*, who made, and of the *Chronicle*, who quoted this paragraph with approval, knew they were uttering that which could not be truthfully spoken. That amendment must be ratified by those States it is true, but it will be *after* it has received the necessary approval to give it validity from the States which *now* compose the Union. *Their* ratification is a condition *precedent* to their admission into the Union. If this amendment passes Congress, and is ratified by three-fourths of the States of the Union, those rebel States cannot resume the rights and privileges of States *in* the Union, except by concurrence in it. Their approval is not asked for, nor is it necessary to give it validity. The people of the United States by this, say to the South, "We wish you restored to your former standing in the Union; *you* profess a desire to return; prove your sincerity by accepting the conditions offered, and the work is done." This is all there is of it. It is so plain that "he who runs may read," but those who are running *backward* cannot read it rightly, and they assert that every one who is going *forward* in the work of justice to *all*, and resolved that freedom shall rule over the length and breadth of the land, are "extremists, radicals, madmen." If I had time and space I would ask those gentlemen of the *Times* and *Chronicle*, if those States are not out of the Union, what right had the President to say to them, "call conventions, do thus and so and I will receive you." If they are in they are in without qualification or condition; if they are out, Congress, and not the President, is the only door through which they can reenter the Union. There are other questions I would like to ask, but those men are so befogged with their left handed measures, that it would be useless to ask an explanation of what they are doing or how they came there. RADICAL.

Thomas W. Parry & Co.,

Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's near the Water Works Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 78 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after it is put on.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop

Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

WILLIAM FORAKER.

CITY ITEMS.

Lawns and Chintzes

Of the most celebrated French makes, at
BATES & BELL'S, 21 Fifth street.

Cloaks and Shawls.

Lace Mantles, Lama Rotundas, at
BATES & BELL'S, 21 Fifth street.

Lace Curtains.

Gilt Cornices, Vestibule Lace, Linen Goods of all kinds, at
BATES & BELL'S, 21 Fifth street.

Fine Dress Goods.

A complete line of the rarest and richest imported goods, at
BATES & BELL'S,
21 Fifth street.

Elegant Silks.

A fine line of Rich Silks, in Black and Colored Gros Grains, Drap de Paris, Glace de Lyons, etc., etc., at
BATES & BELL'S.

Auction Sale.

Of Furniture, Carpets, Bedding, Hearth Rugs, &c., at auction on Saturday morning at nine o'clock, at the Auction House, No. 159 Federal street, Allegheny.
A. LEGGATE, Auct.

Lindsay's Blood Searcher.

I hereby challenge any person to question my right to manufacture the above, and offer the same for sale at my new Stores, 107 Smithfield street, and opposite the Postoffice.
J. M. FULTON.

A Fresh Supply

Of Coe's Cough Balsam—the great remedy for coughs, colds, whooping cough, croup, and all lung complaints—is received and for sale at our drug stores. Sole agent for Pittsburgh, JOS. FLEMING, Druggist, No. 84 Market street.

A Certain, Safe

And effectual cure for fever and ague is found in Fleming's ague mixture. When all else fails call and be cured by a single bottle of this wonderful medicine; it has never failed to cure others, and it will cure you. Sold only in Pittsburgh, at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Store. No. 84 Market street.

Purest and Sweetest

Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh selected livers on the sea coast. This oil is characterized by a sweetness and purity peculiar to it alone. Its reputation is so great that it takes the lead of other oils, and is universally prescribed by physicians. Remember to ask for Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil.

CASWELL MACK & CO., New York,
Sole manufacturers.

For sale at wholesale in Pittsburgh by R. E. Sellers & Co. At retail by all Druggists
mh22-Ed&w6m

Prices of Dry Goods at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street

At 12½c. Beautiful Prints, fine cloths, fast colors; also, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins.

At 15c. 4-4 English Prints, width 29c.

At 18½c. Ginghams worth 25c., and at 25c., double width ditto. Yard wide heavy Shirting Muslin, and good bleached ditto; also, Dress Goods.

At 25c. Fine yard wide Shirting Muslin; 4-4 English Purple Chintz Prints, and good styles Dress Goods, double and single width.

Also, from Eastern Auction Sales, Great Bargains in Silks, Dress Goods, Cloaks, Shawls, Lace Handkerchiefs, Points, Circulars, Housekeeping Goods, and Gents or Boys' wear.
Everything Cheap.

By reference to advertisement of the Virgin Gold Mining Company of Colorado on 2d page, it will be found that a very favorable opportunity is there offered of securing an "original" interest in this region of inexhaustible wealth.

Professor Edward S. Kent, of the New York Assay Office, who had visited this district, says:

"As to the extent of the gold mines of Colorado, I am not prepared to give an estimate, as I found enough to fully employ my time within a radius of five miles of Central City, (the location of the Ledges of this Company,) but as to the richness of THEM, I have no hesitation in saying, *that I believe them to be the richest ever discovered.* With science, capital, and the Pacific Railroad, Colorado is destined in my opinion, to rival or supersede California and Australia, and become the El Dorado of the World."

The large basis of this enterprise—its choice Ledges—as well as its fair and equitable features are such as to commend it to the attention of all those having surplus funds for investment. As "original interests" in this Company can now be had at $100 each, those wishing to secure them should at once send in their subscriptions.

Open This Day! Open This Day!

What 25 cents will do.
What 25 cents will do.
Every one should call,
Every one should call,
And see what
25 cents will do.
Entirely new
Entirely new
Method of Selling Goods.
Method of Selling Goods.

The attention of the citizens of Pittsburgh is called to the establishment of M. A. Evans & Co., 63 Fifth street. A large and well selected stock of Jewelry, Silver Ware and Fancy Goods is offered on terms never before known. Our twenty-five cent goods consist of an almost innumerable line of articles in daily use.

One visit will satisfy the most incredulous. Special attention is called to the fact that in no case can the slightest deviation from our established terms and rules be made. A rigid adherence to our impartial system of conducting this novel sale is necessary that all may share equally the advantages resulting from our liberal method of doing business. By this plan no money can be lost. No money is hazarded. For you do not pay, neither are you under any obligation to pay, for any article until you know what you are to receive.

Ladies will find
Ladies will find
A great variety
A great variety
Of goods particularly adapted to their use, and
Will call early.
Will call early.

M. A. EVANS & Co.,
63 Fifth street.

To the Debilitated and the Decrepid.

For general debility and exhaustion of the powers of nature, whether occasioned by sickness, fast living, constitutional decay, old age or any other physical or mental cause, the one thing needful and indispensable is Hostetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters. When the fire of life seems to be absolutely dying out in the system, and the mind, sympathizing with the body, is reduced almost to a state of imbecility this mighty Restorative seems, as it were, to lift the sufferer out of the slough of despond and recruit and reinvigorate both the frame and the intellect. An old farmer in the Valley of the Monongahela writes thus to Dr. Hostetter: "I can compare the operation of your Bitters upon me to nothing but the effect of a rain after a long dry spell in the fall of the year. The fields all bring up the meadows start the second crop of grass, and your wholesome medicine seems to have started a second crop of life and spirits in me." And this is truly the effect of this grateful and powerful preparation. Ladies of weak constitution, or whose strength has been impaired by sickness or age, find it a most efficacious and delightful Tonic, and it is administered with great success in marasmus or wasting of the flesh, to young children. In fact, it is a much safer and surer cordial for the nursery than anything advertised specially for that purpose.

Hostetter's Bitters

Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Market, near Fourth street.

Spring and Summer Goods.

The well-known store of Mr. John Weier, Merchant Tailor, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny, has been lately fitted up with a new assortment of spring and summer goods. The stock has been well selected, and embraces all the numberless articles needed for gentlemen's garments. A large stock of ready-made pants, coats, vests, &c., will also be found in his establishment. His stock of furnishing goods cannot be surpassed. Persons desiring to purchase a good suit of clothes would do well by giving Mr. Weier a call.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop

Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

WILLIAM FORAKER.

THE LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.

HEAVY FORGERIES IN NEW YORK.

Spanish Schooner Captured by Peruvian Iron-Clads.

YELLOW FEVER ON BOARD THE KEARSARGE.

Mexican Commander Shot in Bed.

CARGO OF NEGROES LANDED IN HAVANA

NEW YORK, May 3.—Excitement prevailed yesterday afternoon in Wall street, owing to the discovery of a number of forgeries of railroad bonds and checks, to the amount of nearly $300,000. Several banks and prominent business men are reported to have been victimized by the operations of the forger, who is supposed to be a Mr. John Ross, lately doing business as a broker in Exchange place.

Advices from Rio Janeiro of April 3d, state that it is believed the issue of the Bank of Brazil has been increased, the government guaranteeing it, as the ten millions of gold in its vault will be withdrawn to meet the expenses of the war.

Two Peruvian iron clads arrived from England and captured the Spanish schooner Dorotheo, using the United States flag. Peruvian iron clads are daily reported from the United States. News of an attack on Paseo de Patria is hourly expected. It is rumored that the Paraguayans advanced into Missions to attack the Brazilian division under Baron de Porto Alegre. Military squabbles about State Rights claims disturbed the territory at some points.

The U. S. Sloop-of-war Kearsarge was at Lisbon, Portugal, on the 12th of April. On her passage from Fernando Leon, seven officers and seven men died of yellow fever. As follows:—Surgeon, Benj. Wedan; Assistant Engineers, H. Bullard, J. Hoops; Third Assistant Engineers, Richard F. Edwards, Elisha R. Tyson; Mates, Samuel Davis, Samuel Paine. Names of the seamen not given. There was on the 12th but one case on board, and that was not considered fatal.

The *Herald's* correspondence from the City of Mexico, dated April 11th, says: The siege at Mazatlan still continued, with occasional skirmishing. Gen. Gonzalez Ortega, the besieger, was found while sick, by the French, and on refusing to surrender, was shot in his bed. Three of the most influential citizens in the neighborhood were also shot, and heavy fines imposed upon others, among whom were the sons of the murdered Mendez.

Havana dates of the 26th state, that a cargo of negroes had just been landed at the south side of the Island, and that the *sirata de arbon* were immediately distributed. Several were expected from China with Coolies.

There was a large stock of sugar on hand. Freightage for the United States was brisk at about previous rates.

The Ross Forgery—Another Death from Cholera in New York.

NEW YORK, May 2.—There is no new developments in the Ross case. It is said that all the victims will not lose. The amount is fixed at about half a million of dollars. Ross is still at large.

The loss by the Ross forgery foots up $285,787. The Michigan Central Bonds sold by Gressback & Co. are supposed to be spurious, but it is not certain. The loss by Cronise & Co. and Black & Spaulding consist of $40,000 each in gold, which they sold to Ross, taking in payment a forged check on the Union Bank. Twenty of the alleged forged Michigan bonds are held by this Bank. The Continental Bank held a forged check for $94,982. Albert Spencer, Howe & Marcy, and Fourth National and Commonwealth Banks have sustained no losses, although the Continental Bank has made a demand upon the Commonwealth Bank for a return of the amount of the above mentioned check.

The Eighth's Theatre was sold at auction this morning. A Mr. Allen was the purchaser.

Another woman has died of cholera in this city. She resided in a filthy tenement house in Mulberry, 1st ward.

NEW YORK, May 3.—The *Post's* special says: It is the opinion of the chairmen of the Ways and Means and Finance Committees that Congress cannot adjourn before the first of July. A national Mulberry plant, whose death by cholera was reported this morning, is now said to be in a fair way of recovery.

Reception to Lord Monck—The Governor's Reply.

OTTAWA, C. W., May 3.—There was a grand reception last evening to the governor-general and Lord Monck, the latter formally arriving here to take permanent residence. It was a public holiday. Triumphal arches were erected, and the volunteers, firemen and citizens turned out to meet the governor-general here. The Mayor read an address of welcome and pledged the city of Ottawa, in common with the rest of the province, to uphold and defend the rights and liberties and the British connection.

The Governor replied in a stirring speech and said that the late demonstration, which circumstances compelled the Provinces to make were not without benefit. They had given to England, to the United States, to America, which the people were both willing and able to defend. The same feeling in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick gives an earnest of the increased vitality in the political union which he confidently expected would soon take place. The Home Government had signified its unqualified approbation of the measures for the defence of the provinces, and had promised to send all the reinforcements that may be asked.

Great addresses and replies followed in the same strain.

Reconstruction Testimony—Frank Blair's Rejection.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Additional testimony from the Reconstruction Committee is reported to-day. Among those examined is Sidney Andrews, of the Boston *Advertiser*, Bedford Brown, of North Carolina, and Governor Taylor, of Georgia. The evidence is mainly confirmatory of that previously published.

The reason why General Frank Blair was rejected by the Senate, has not transpired. Much surprise is manifested at the result among others by Lieut. General Grant, who says he knows him in the army, is indebted more than any other man that Missouri was prevented from seceding. He spoke with earnestness of the important military services of general Blair, both at the front, at that time, and since has rendered the country.

It is not true as stated, that the new Tax bill removes the tax on matches, or that there is any intention of removing it.

From Memphis—The City Quiet—Explosion of a Towboat.

MEMPHIS, May 3.—The city remains quiet up to over-night. The negro soldiers partially mustered out were paid off in Fort Pickering to-day. They threaten to burn the city to-night. Great uneasiness is felt. They are kept in the fort by a portion of the Sixteenth Regulars.

Gen. Stoneman this afternoon served a notice upon the Mayor, Council and county officers, forbidding the organization of any bodies of armed men, black or white, except the police, so far as they were relied upon to preserve peace.

A large number of negroes were arrested to-day and found heavily armed.

The tow boat Tigress exploded both boilers near Fulton last night, killing Captain Isabel's wife, the first engineer, carpenter, and three deck hands, and scalding several others.

Tennessee Franchise Bill Passed—Henderson's Trial.

NASHVILLE, May 3.—The Senate passed the franchise bill by a vote of thirteen against six. It is now a law, and disfranchises over nine-tenths of the people of Tennessee.

The cross-examination of Hays in Henderson's trial elicits the fact that a letter was sent Henderson, threatening the exposer, and demanding fifty thousand dollars, which the witness said was written by the instruction and sanction of Capt. Voorhees. General Bendit, who tried the Chicago conspirators, was present during the trial.

Pottery and Paper Mill Burned.

FORT EDWARD, N. Y., May 3.—To-day, about 6:30 o'clock, a fire broke out in the pottery owned by Caterlin & Morris. The fire soon reached Howland, Palser & Co's paper mill, together with a large quantity of wood and straw. The loss by the fire on the pottery, Howland, Palser & Co. is fifty thousand dollars; insured for $18,000. Saterlee & Morris' loss is $15,000; insured. Good engines from Sandy Hill, Glens Falls and Saratoga were soon on hand and succeeded in holding it from spreading.

Extensive Robbery in New York.

NEW YORK, May 2.—The office of Messrs. Gaitsberger & Co., No. 52 New Bowery, was on Tuesday night, robbed of three certified bills of exchange, payable on London, amounting in aggregate, to £15,347 72 and one hundred dollars in Treasury notes. A nephew of Mr. Gaitsberger's partner, named Duany, was arrested, and a portion of the stolen Treasury notes found in his possession

The Negro Riot at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, May 3.—About thirty houses occupied by colored people, and all the school houses South of Memphis, were pulled down or burned last night. There were ten killed during the day and night. Everything is quiet this morning. It was hoped that order would be restored. The negroes nearly all fled to the woods last night, but are returning this morning.

Trial of Fenian Prisoners.

CORNWALL, C. W., May 3.—The examination of Fenian prisoners was resumed to-day Lieut. Col. Wheeler gave evidence for the prosecution. He turns out to be a spy. After hearing counsel for both sides, the Bench was divided. There was a majority in committal. Judge Jarvis, the chairman, dissented. This throws the trial over till fall.

Bill Approved.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The President has approved the bill authorizing and empowering the Secretary of the Treasury to remit duties levied on produce shipped from a port of the United States to a port of the United States, via Canada, if the said produce was actually in transitu and detained by ice when the recent Reciprocity treaty with Canada expired.

Ohio Union State Convention.

CINCINNATI, April 3.—A call for the Ohio State Convention, to be held in Columbus, June 20th for nomination of candidates for Secretary of State and Judge of the Supreme Court, was made yesterday by the Union Committee.

FROM FRENCH WEST INDIA ISLANDS

The Cholera at Guadaloupe.

ST. DOMINGO AND VENEZUELA ADVICES

NEW YORK, May 3.—Advices from the French West India Islands, dated at Martinique and Guadaloupe, say that fifty members of the Colonial Legislature had determined to demand from France the same laws and legislative power as are enjoyed in the mother country.

In Guadaloupe the deaths from cholera averaged seven and one-fourth per cent. of the population. The disease was less prevalent.

The immense production of best root sugar in Europe alarmed the planters of both islands.

Our advices from St. Domingo, are dated at St. Domingo City, to the 14th of April. The late revolutionary movement on the southern frontier of the Island, induced at the very imminent risk of its expansion a large insurrectionary party to rise in another quarter and suddenly seize the towns of San Cristobal, Barri and San Jose De Acoa. The government acted promptly and with energy. Troops were marched rapidly from different points, and concentrated so judiciously that the insurgents were dispersed. Two of their most active leaders escaped and order was restored.

After the 14th of April it is optional with the importers of merchandise in St. Domingo to pay the duties in gold, silver or Treasury notes. The gold ounce value being taken as the standard when the last named currency is issued.

The news from Venzuela, dated April 7, intimates that the Republic was very likely to sympathize with Spain in the war against Chili. The Venezuelan authorities recollecting that their ports are completely defenseless, and the people remembering how their poorer countrymen were received in the Spanish West India Islands as privileged refugees during the late troubles at home.

The new gold mines of Nenua Providencia are said to yield abundantly. Naval squabbles about State Rights claims disturbed the territory at some points.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, May 2, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. Chandler, from the Conference Committee on the Cuban Telegraph Bill, made a report, which was agreed to.

A bill to pay John Ericsson $1,360 for services in planning the war steamer Princeton, was read and passed by Mr. Anthony, and passed.

The bill to reimburse the State of West Virginia for her expenses in calling out and equipping troops, was called up by Mr. Van Winkle. The amount called for is $268,548. It was passed.

Mr. Wilson, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported the following joint resolution:

Resolved, That the secretary of War be and he is hereby authorized and required to cause to be cancelled the volumes of the roster of volunteers already printed, and that the roster compiled and directed by the joint resolution approved March 3d, 1865, be published in accordance with a plan submitted by the Superintendent of Public Printing.

The bill to regulate official and postal communication between the States was taken up, on motion of Mr. Sumner.

Mr. Howard took the floor in defense of the bill as it spoke at length.

Mr. Poland offered a resolution instructing the Secretary of the Senate to recall from the House the Post-office Appropriation bill.

Mr. Sumner inquired what was the object of the resolution.

Mr. Poland said he wished to move a reconsideration of the vote rejecting the Army bill, which, by the amendment, takes away from the Presidential appointing power. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Howe, taking the floor on the Postal Communication bill, said that he had not been a proposition introduced in the Senate since he became a member of it that had not found some one to denounce it unconstitutional. Before the pending bill had been fairly offered to the Senate, it had been denounced as unconstitutional. If it be true that the State of New Jersey has the right to demand the consent of that State to a single line of railroad, who controls the regulation of commerce between here and New York? One of the objects in the formation of the Union, for which was the regulation of commerce by the Federal government. Admitting the law to be that only the consent of the State of New Jersey would authorize the construction of a railroad through that State, he denied the right of New Jersey to exact what conditions it pleased of Congress. This was not a question of regulating toll. It was a question of enabling commerce to choose between different highways. The powers of the State on this question are exercised in subordination to the powers of the nation. This had been settled by the Supreme Court.

Mr. Howe moved an amendment to the bill, giving Congress the right to alter, or amend, or repeal it at any time, and spoke against the bill. He referred to the arguments heard in favor of it by Mr. Sumner during the last session. He said the pending bill was but one of a great many of the same kind soon to follow, and referred to the bill now pending in the House for the authorization of a railway between New York and Washington, and the charge in the House of Mr. Sumner's speech, in which he declared that he had no objection to the proposed dismemberment of Utah, as there were few if any of his people living in that portion of it.

Mr. Ashley, of Nevada, supported the bill, and said that the Mormons were averse to uniting, and that the citizens of Nevada had discovered and were working the mines on Utah, and did not wish to be under the control of that Territorial Government.

The amendment offered by Mr. Rice was rejected, and the bill passed.

The bill to admit Colorado into the Union was then taken from the Speakers' table.

The House refused by a vote of 25 to 80 to lay it on the table, and refused to commit it, by a vote of 61 to 74. The bill was then considered.

An amendment offered by Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, providing that the act should not take effect until the State of Colorado had struck the word "white" out of its Constitution, was rejected; yeas 36, nays 95,—the delegates voting nay. The bill to admit Colorado was then passed, without amendment by a majority of over 20.

Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, reported back a bill amendatory of the organic act of Washington Territory, which was considered and passed.

Mr. Rice, of Maine, reported back a joint resolution to facilitate communication with certain Territories.

After some debate the joint resolution passed. The following are its provisions:

That whenever any loyal citizen of the United States shall make and establish an artesian well at a place remote from water obtained by other means on the line of any mail routes in New Mexico, Arizona, Colorado and the Colorado district of California, at least ten miles distant from any living stream or living water upon such route, and a like distance from any well which may be established hereafter by virtue thereof, he shall be entitled to one section of the public land, not including mineral lands embracing such well, the same to be marked out and designated in a compact form by such citizen, and upon filing with the surveyor general a sworn notice of the fact that such well has been established, with a particular description of the premises so marked out and designated, the same shall be treated as a pre-emption claim, and upon lapse of three years from the date of such establishment, and upon satisfactory proof made to the surveyor general in connection with the foregoing stipulations, and that pure water from such well has been constantly furnished without charge to the public traveling upon said route, the right of such claimant shall be affirmed, and upon the extension of the lines of the public survey, the boundaries of such section shall be adjusted accordingly by the lines thereof.

Sec. 2. And it is further resolved, that effect shall be given the foregoing resolution by the commissioner of the general land office, who shall have full power to revise and finally determine all rights and claims arising under the same, and to furnish evidence of title to such persons as may be entitled to the same; and such condition incorporated therein as may be necessary to perpetuate the purpose of the grant, provided that no more than one section shall be granted in the name of one well, and provided further that no grantee or beneficiary under this act shall be allowed to enter any lands under any homestead act of the United States.

The speaker presented a message from the President in answer to the resolution of the 23d of April last, calling for the Secretary of War, stating it to be incompatible with the public interest to communicate the report by General Smith and Judge Brady of their investigation at New Orleans. It was laid on the table.

The Senate bill for the relief of certain contractors for the construction of vessels of war and steam machinery was taken from the Speaker's table, read twice, and on motion of Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, referred to the Committee on Claims.

The Senate bill to authorize the construction of certain bridges, so as to establish them as post roads, was taken from the Speaker's table, read twice, with amendments looking to the erection of bridges at Keokuk and other points on the Mississippi, offered by Mr. Ingersoll, of Illinois, and Mr. Kasson, of Iowa, and after considerable debate, referred to the Committee on Post offices.

The Senate joint resolution, extending the time for the completion of the Union Pacific Railroad Eastern Division, was taken up.

Mr. Stevens moved to amend, by adding a section providing that twenty millions of dollars be appropriated for the use of schools in these States, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. Lawrence, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back adversely the petition of the citizens of Frederick county, Va., to be annexed to the State of West Virginia, which was laid on the table.

Mr. Darling gave notice that a bill directing the Secretary of the Treasury to refund to the proper party or parties the amount of taxes paid under the act of July 1st, 1862, increase the Internal Revenue and for other purposes, passed March 7, 1866, upon spirits imported prior to the date of said act.

At 6 o'clock P. M. the House adjourned.

From New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, May 3.—President Johnson ordered Gen. Canby not to interfere with the United States Court. The President first ordered Canby to refer to Washington all cases arising out of the conflict upon which he acted. The court reopened immediately.

By the instructions of the President, General Canby released the cotton held by the military and turned it over to the United States Marshall.

The Cholera on the Steamship Virginia.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Two new cases of cholera were reported yesterday from the steamship Virginia. One hundred patients were in the hospital yesterday. They are rapidly improving.

Arrival of Gen. Meade and Troops at Portland.

PORTLAND, ME., May 2.—General Meade, with the troops from Eastport, arrived this morning. The troops will probably be remanded to their posts.

Fire in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 3.—Westmaker's furniture factory, on Columbia street, was partially destroyed by fire this morning. Loss about $18,000, mostly covered by insurance.

Quarantine Report.

NEW YORK, May 3.—The health officer reports two new cases of cholera received on board the Falcon to-day. The cabin passengers of the England and Virginia have come to the city.

River and Weather at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 3.—The river is falling, with eight feet and six inches of water in the channel. The weather is clear and cold

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

"The Silver Palace."

Some time since we had the pleasure of making an excursion in the splendid sleeping car, called "The Silver Palace," which was built under the superintendence of Jonah Woodruff, residing on the side of the track of the Steubenville Railroad on Try near Second street, when a train was approaching. He was unable to get out of the way, but apparently did not hear the warning. He was struck about the side and fell forward on his head, which was severely bruised, but the injuries were not of a dangerous nature.

Mayor's Office Receipts.—The receipts of the Mayor's office for the month of April were as follows:

Fines and Forfeitures	$445 09
Dramatic License	347 50
Switch License	70 00
Night Police	138 35
Total Receipts	$1,005 94

The Trades' Assembly—The Pittsburgh Trades' Assembly met on Tuesday evening, and reorganized by the election of the following officers: President—John A. Flanigan, of Moulders'. Secretary—President—Miles S. Humphreys, of Boiler's Union. Secretary—Thomas A. Armstrong, of Typographical Union. Treasurer—Joseph Tatem, of Cordwainer's (Ladies Branch) Union.

Lecture—Rev. Alex. Clark, A. M., of Cincinnati, will lecture this evening, in the First Methodist Protestant Church, East Commons, Allegheny, on the subject "Within and Without." Tickets fifty cents, the proceeds being for the benefit of the Sabbath School. Some of the best singers of Allegheny have volunteered their services for the occasion.

Grand Lodge Officers of I. O. O. F.—William Curtis, Grand Secretary, together with part of the Grand Lodge officers of this State, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon and were the guests of McFarland Lodge of Allegheny last evening. They leave for Uniontown in the morning train.

Two additional civil suits have been entered before Alderman Hibbert of the First ward, against parties on Troy Hill, heretofore held to bail on charges of selling beer on Sunday and the cases will come up for a hearing on Wednesday next.

About eleven o'clock last night an alarm of fire was sounded, and the engines ran hither and thither in search of a conflagration, but happily were unable to find any, and returned to their houses.

The Mitchell-Boyle Shooting Affray—Tables Turned.

John Mitchell, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill John Boyle, of south Pittsburgh, was brought before Acting Mayor Straig, yesterday afternoon, for a hearing. The shooting, as our readers will recollect, occurred on saturday night week, on the Monongahela bridge, and owing to the serious nature of the wounds inflicted Mitchell has ever since been held in custody. The ball entered the right breast between the third and fourth ribs, passed through the cavity of the chest in an oblique direction, penetrating the outer edge of the lung, and lodging in the muscles of the back. The ball was extracted by a physician, soon after the occurrence, and Boyle has so far recovered as to be able to walk about the streets. On the hearing, some half dozen witnesses were called by the prosecutor, but so far from helping him in the least they made out a strong case for the defendant. The substance of their testimony is about this: Boyle was quite drunk in the evening, before supper, and actually attempted to provoke a quarrel with Mitchell, who is a much smaller and weaker man. He "sailed" at him, urged him to stand his ground, and pursued him some distance. Mitchell then drew a pocket knife, and threatened to cut Boyle's heart out if he did not desist. Some friends interfered, and the difficulty ended by Mitchell taking refuge in Mr. Welsh's store. After supper the parties again met at the end of the bridge, when the assault was again renewed by Boyle, without any apparent provocation. He "made at" Mitchell, knocked his hat off, and was endeavoring to get him to stand, when Mitchell drew a revolver and threatened to shoot him, at the same time retreating as Boyle advanced. Mitchell then fired, when Boyle cursed him not to fire over his head to scare him, but to shoot at his heart. Mitchell soon after fired a second shot, when Boyle fell, the ball going as close to the heart as was desirable. The witnesses all corroborated one another as to the main facts, and there was not a title of evidence going to show that Mitchell acted otherwise than in self-defence.

Thomas M. Marshall, Esq., conducted the case for the defense, and District Attorney Duff appeared for the Commonwealth. The counsel both declined to address the Court, when the Alderman discharged the case as to Mitchell, at the same time informing Boyle that had it not been for his own bad conduct in "hunting for a fight there would have been no shooting."

Mitchell then instituted a charge of surety of the peace against Boyle, alleging that he was afraid he would do him some bodily harm. Boyle was required to give bond in the sum of $200 to keep the peace, and Mitchell was held in his own recognizance in the sum of $100 for the same purpose. Boyle not being able to procure the requisite bail, was locked up—the tables being thus effectually turned.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—By far the most brilliant audience within the walls of the building was present last night at the Academy of Music to witness the presentation of the magnificent opera of Der Freischutz. Never has any piece been put upon the stage in Pittsburgh with equal success and brilliancy. Madame Johannsen was in splendid voice, and her powers as an actress were fully developed. Mlle Sophia Dziba looked handsomer, sang better, and became a greater favorite than ever. Even when her other features are in shade her bright eyes continue to laugh. We believe it would be impossible for her to be serious. Messrs. Himmer, Weinlich, Reiter and Herrmann and Adam are all deserving of special notice. Nothing could have exceeded the manner in which they rendered their respective parts. The incantation scene equaled, if not excelled, that upon any stage in this city, and we doubt whether it could be very much surpassed any where. The magnificent shower of fire made the nervous portion of the audience tremble, but they soon regained their wonted composure. The scene could only be seen to be appreciated. As it was impossible for us, in a newspaper article, adequately to describe in the immense audience showed their appreciation of the whole performance by most enthusiastic applause.

To-night, however, the performance promises to eclipse anything yet produced. Gounod's great prodi "ion of Faust," is the attraction, and it is certain to be produced in a manner beyond all previous efforts of the press. The splendid chorus will be rendered doubly effective to-night. In fact, we have the testimony of the New York press, which says that the rendition of this perpetual "show stamps Grover" troupe as the greatest artists in the world. We do not suppose there will be a vacant seat to-night.

OPERA HOUSE.—The young and accomplished actress Miss Lotta is drawing splendidly. Last evening she appeared to large pieces, and was encored at every appearance. To-night the burlesque spectacle entitled the "Seven Daughters of Satan" will be presented, in which the New York press says Lotta has, with songs, banjo solo and dances.

THE GREAT CONSOLIDATED.—Sam Sharpley's Minstrels and Tony Pastor's Combination, consisting of twenty-five artists under the direction of Messrs. Sharpley and Pastor, appeared with great success at Masonic Hall. They will give but two exhibitions more, their engagement having been limited to four nights. This is a first class troupe, and we know of no better way of spending a pleasant evening than by witnessing their performances, such as will afford diverting character, and replete with fun.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—Edwin Adams drew a good house last night to witness his masterly personation of Hamlet. This evening he appears in the character of Sterling, four-act drama of "The Dead Heart" will be given, in which he assumes the character of Robert Landry. The friends of this favorite actor should give him a bumper, and we doubt not they will.

Union Depot Hotel

The stars and stripes were flung to the breeze yesterday on the roof of the new Union Depot Hotel of the P. R. R. The signification of the unfurling of the national Banner was, that the hotel was ready and ready to receive guests. The hotel was formally opened about half past one o'clock in the afternoon, when a number of officers connected with different departments of the railroad, were connected with the press, and not a few newly arrived travelers sat down to an excellent and substantial dinner. There was no effort at display. The table was designed to be a specimen of what the hotel will furnish to its guests every day, and should this be the case the Company may rest assured that they have secured a host who will allow himself to be stowed away into a crowded omnibus and hauled a distance of one or two miles at an expense of a dollar or more, when for the same amount he can be supplied with an excellent meal within a step of the train.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have also shown liberality in the management of their affairs, and we have no fears that their hotel will be made an exception. The culinary developments yesterday and last night fully demonstrated that the company were very fortunate in the selection of officers to superintend the hotel. Mr. Ira B. Church, the Superintendent, who is ably assisted by Mr. Palmer, has already given evidence of his eminent fitness for the position, and our own townsman, Mr. Thomas Graham, manager of the lunch department with such

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. CEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

UNION STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

Will meet at the rooms of the NATIONAL UNION CLUB, No. 1702 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of May inst., at three o'clock P. M. The attendance of every member of Committee is earnestly solicited.

ER. JORDAN, Chairman.

PHILADELPHIA, May 1st, 1866.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of close payments for advertisements of the character stated will be inflexibly adhered.

The price of our paper is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys. Serviced carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

ANDREW JOHNSON ON APPOINTMENTS.

On the 19th of December, 1860 in his place in the United States Senate, as a member for Tennessee, Mr. ANDREW JOHNSON made some deliverances on the authority and duty of that body in the matter of nominations to office, which are eminently sound and specially deserving of consideration at the present time. Hear him.

"How has Lincoln been elected, and upon what basis does he stand? A minority President by nearly a million votes; but had the election taken place upon the plan proposed in *my amendment to the Constitution*, by districts, he would have been this day defeated. But it has been done according to the Constitution and according to law. I am for abiding by the Constitution, and in abiding by it, I want to maintain *and retain my place here and put down Mr. Lincoln, and drive back his advances upon Southern institutions, if he designs to make any.* Have we not got the brakes in our hands? Have we not got the power? We have. Let South Carolina and her Senators pack, let all the Senators come, and on the 4th of March next we shall have a majority of six in this body against him. This successful sectional candidate, who is in a minority of a million, or nearly so on the popular vote, cannot make his Cabinet on the 4th of March next unless the Senate will permit him."

"Am I to be so great a coward as to retreat from duty? I will stand here and meet the encroachments upon the institutions of my country at the threshold; and as a man, as one that loves my country and my constituents, I will stand here and resist all encroachments and advances. Here is the place to stand. Shall I desert the citadel and let the enemy come in and take possession? No. *Can Mr. Lincoln send a foreign minister or even a consul abroad, unless he receives the sanction of the Senate. Can he appoint a postmaster whose salary is over a thousand dollars a year still at the consent of the Senate?* Shall we desert our posts, shrink from our responsibilities, and *permit Mr. Lincoln to come with his cohorts, as we consider them, from the North, to carry off everything?* Are we so cowardly that now that we are defeated, not conquered, we shall do this? Yes, we are defeated according to the forms of law and the Constitution, but the real victory is ours—the moral force is with us."

No competent judge of style in literary composition would need external evidence to convince him that ANDREW JOHNSON made that speech. It is marked with all the excellencies and defects of his manner. But it sets forth strongly, and accurately, the power of the Senate in appointments to office under the general government. He had no idea the Senate was a machine to register the edicts of the President. He was no such idea now, whatever he may attempt to assimilate by bluster, by boldness, by obstinacy.

He recognized the fact that Congress had by law taken the power of appointing postmasters, whose compensation is less than one thousand dollars a year, from the President, and given it to the Postmaster-General. He knew that by a majority of two-thirds in each of the two Houses, the President could be stripped of the right of nomination in all but the highest grades of appointments. As a Senator, he felt the dignity and importance of the body to which he belonged. He did not over-estimate it.

The following year, that is, on the 28th of July, 1861, Mr. JOHNSON returned to the subject, and said

"Then, is the mere defeat of one man, and the election of another according to the forms of law and the Constitution, sufficient cause to break up this Government? No, it is not sufficient cause. Do we not know, too, that if all the seceding Senators had stood here as faithful sentinels, representing the interests of their States, *they had in their power to check any advance that might be made by the incoming Administration?* I showed these facts and enumerated them at the last session. They were shown here the other day. On the 4th of March when President Lincoln was inaugurated, we had a majority of six upon this floor in opposition to his Administration. Where, then, is there even a pretext for breaking up the Government upon the idea that he would have encroached upon our rights? Does the nation know that *Mr. Lincoln could not have made his Cabinet without the consent of a majority of the Senate? Do we not know that he could not have sent a minister abroad without the majority of the Senate confirming the nomination?* Do we not know that if any minister whom he sent abroad should make a treaty inimical to the institutions of the South, *that treaty could not have been ratified without a majority of two-thirds of the Senate.*

The positions taken in these two speeches are impregnable. They have their foundations in the depths of the Constitution, in the genius of free institutions, in the reserved rights of the States, and in the inherent powers of the people. In assailing these positions now, not by argument, not by the citation of authorities, but by practical assumptions, he falls under his own condemnation; he stands self-convicted and self-sentenced. He is doing exactly what the Southern leaders falsely charged Mr. LINCOLN would do; and which he loudly called upon them to remain in their places and resist!

A FEW MONTHS AGO Mr. C. V. CULVER was a universal favorite in the district in which he lived. Now he has fallen into such disesteem that on Monday he was arrested at Reno, for conspiracy to defraud. The complainants are THOMAS HOGE, P. R. GRAY and JOHN DUFFIELD, of Franklin. Mr. CULVER was held to bail in the sum of $50,000, which he procured.

Mr. AUSTIN, the cashier of the Venango Bank, was arrested on similar charges and gave bail in the sum of $80,000.

The citizens of Franklin have suffered more severely than those of any other locality by the failure. The following named persons are the principal losers:

James A. Myers	$ 61,000
Richard Irwin	40,000
J. D. Rogers	40,000
John Duffield	60,000
John Rynd	100,000
S. S. Blanchard	50,000
Thomas Hoge	50,000

Here are seven persons whose losses approximate $400,000. The aggregate losses of the people at Franklin are probably double that amount.

An affidavit has been made by HENRY R. LYLE and sent to the Auditor General, asking for the appointment of a Receiver for the Petroleum Bank of Titusville.

The firm of A. D. COTTON & Co. are reported to have effected a compromise with their creditors.

EUROPEAN EMIGRATION.

The war, infinitely costly in blood and treasure, yields compensations—from without as well as within. The heroic manner in which the people and the government bore themselves through the protracted ordeal, elevated them in the respect of the leaders of European opinion. Not alone is this disclosed in the altered tone of public journals. It is manifested quite as palpably in the increased deference of Cabinets, and in the utterances of parliamentarians.

But, after all, perhaps the best tribute to the constancy, devotion and courage of the United States is found in the vast movements among the industrial populations of Europe to come over the ocean and cast in their lots with us. Before the war, while there were many things that enkindled interest, there were certain considerations that excited distrust. The incongruousness of servitude with our professions of admiration for universal liberty; the eager pursuit and ostentatious display of wealth, balanced against verbal contempt of factitious rank and distinction; the symptoms of rottenness supervening before the period of ripeness; all these indications had suggested doubts of permanence. But when the period of trial came, and there was found beneath the surface a genuine solidity of character competent to face the most formidable difficulties, to wrestle with the most adverse circumstances, and to pluck success out of despair, there was not only a general expression of applause, but an uncontrollable desire to plant themselves and their children on the theatre of the great events of which they had been astonished spectators.

Hence, emigration from Europe is this year on a much larger scale than ever before. In many districts it has had a considerable effect on the price of labor. Leading newspapers find it necessary to discourage the laboring population from falling into the movement. The London *Times* says, "it is a matter of regret that industrious men should, by false representations and delusive hopes, which have so often been exposed, be induced to leave their native homes to seek employment in America, where they will have to toil harder, and be less remunerated in proportion to the cost of the necessaries of life."

Such appeals are powerless. Laboring men and women in the British islands know full well that their condition cannot be made worse; that whatever change may befall must necessarily be an improvement.

Besides they have an instructive perception, not clearly defined in their own minds, so as to be capable of intelligent expression, but still potent as a motive, that if they are to work for the Americans, the best thing for them is to go to America. They read the letters of friends who are already here, and learn that most advantageous changes have been wrought in the condition of many of them; and they are allured by the hope that like betterments might fall to their own shares.

These immense changes of residence on the part of numerous bodies of producers, not only stimulate and diversify industry in this country, but by raising wages in Europe, tend to equalize the conditions of labor on both sides of the Atlantic. This is the only true and safe tendency towards Free Trade, which many politicians talk flippantly about, but few or none are willing to help fairly to inaugurate.

REHABITATION.

We have insisted, in repeated instances, that it does not comport with the true theory of representative government to hold either wide districts of country or large masses of population, for long periods, in military subjection and without participation in political affairs. In our apprehension it has not mattered whether the people so held were black or white. Hence, we have been anxious that a plan of absolute reconstruction should be devised and brought forward with as little delay as practicable, and that after the acceptance by the Southern people and States of such conditions as might seem needful to secure both harmony and progress in the future, they should be readmitted to the family circle of the Union.

At the same time we have not felt it to be a greater hardship to the white people of the rebel States, or any of them, to be held by the Government in political subordination, than it was to the blacks to be stripped by their white neighbors of all political rights whatsoever. Indeed, we have not been able to shake off the conviction that it was fair to say to the rebel whites, touching this matter, "with what measure ye mete, it shall be measured to you again." There are four millions of blacks, that never produced a willing traitor. Yet the Democrats and Conservative Republicans think it justifiable to strip them bare of all political rights, to hold them in absolute subordination, to tax them without allowing them representation; and to admit no ray of hope of an improvement in their condition for many generations to come. We should rejoice to have the rebel whites relieved of all the disabilities they have incurred, in exchange for simple justice to these black loyalists. The prospect of rehabitation on such a basis, perfectly feasible six months ago, has been frustrated by the action of the President.

THE Reconstruction Committee of the House of Representatives have now demonstrated, by means of their Report, that the Republican majority of that body do not ask the exclusion of the Southern States, for any lengthened period, from representation in Congress. This feeling is still more clearly evinced, if possible, by the amendments offered by Mr. BINGHAM, of Ohio, and Mr. BOUTWELL, of Massachusetts. If the Congressional plan shall be modified as suggested by either of these gentlemen, no obstacle will remain to the restoration of Tennessee and Arkansas in the space of sixty days, and to other Southern States in ample season to have the delegations full on the opening of the next session in December. This is a point of importance in the discussion upon this topic which ought not to be overlooked.

The Shipping Business.

Before the Pennsylvania Railroad Company undertook the responsibility of the line of foreign steamships plying between this port and Liverpool, the vessels on their return voyages to the latter port always went to New York, on pretence of not being able to procure full cargoes outward here. We knew this to be totally unnecessary, but deemed it not worth while to take any further pains to correct any impressions respecting these European lines until we could have a line of our own. The arrangement proposed by the railroad company has now been fully established, and the effect is magical. The steamship Delaware has left here for Liverpool with a full cargo furnished here, and without needing to go to New York. Not only so, but a large amount of freight was left over for the next steamer of the line. We see now the benefit of having the railroad company standing responsible for the maintenance of the line. This, indeed, appears to have been all that was ever needed.—*Philadelphia Gazette.*

ATTENDANCE AT OBERLIN COLLEGE.—The total attendance in the different departments of the College at Oberlin this spring, is seven hundred and seventy; of which four hundred and twenty-five are gentlemen and three hundred and forty-five ladies. Of the whole number two hundred and sixty-one are new students.

GENERAL NEWS.

A NEW ORLEANS letter says: Something is quite observable at the Catholic churches, which Protestants might well learn everywhere, that all persons, rich and poor, black and white, kneel together in perfect equality. True, there are pews, and pews sold or rented, but these pews, especially in the old or French part of the city, are indiscriminately rented to black and white alike. I noticed in the old Catholic Church of St Louis, which confronts you as you come up the river, some of the pews nearest the altar are occupied by colored people, and others scattered about the church, without any effort to discriminate between them and the white. The Catholic maxim is, and a catholic one it is truly, that "all men are equal before God."

AN ETHIOPIAN CHANGING HIS SKIN.—The Fredericksburg (Va.) *Herald* has the annexed curious statement. "We are informed of a singular case of change of color that is now going on in the person of a black man in Culpepper county, Va. Our informant has known the negro for fifteen years, and describes him to have been at one time as 'black as ink.' Within the last three months the negro has been gradually changing his skin. His hands are still dark, but from the wrists to the shoulders his arms are as fair as any white man's. His whole body is spotted, gradually changing its hue. It is a marvel in view of the fact that the negro has never had a day's sickness, and is healthy now."

THE PERRY MONUMENT ON LAKE ERIE.—Mr. Thomas Lawrence, of this city, is now engaged in erecting a monument to the memory of Commodore Perry, on Gibraltar, the summer residence of Jay Cooke, the American banker. The corner-stone of this monument was publicly laid in 1858 with impressive and imposing ceremonies. The monument fund then failed, and nothing more was done toward erecting the monument by aid of public contribution. Jay Cooke, having lately purchased the island and about to complete the monument, and during the summer a splendid white column will be erected on Gibraltar.—*Toledo Blade.*

A LONDON letter says: "I heard the other day, on good authority, a story about the great iconoclast of Chelsea (Carlyle), which may surprise Americans. He, like Thackeray, his friend Lord Ashburton, and others, had, a year or so before the civil war, invested a snug little sum of money in American stocks. When the war broke out, Thackeray and many others withdrew their investments, but Carlyle, though repeatedly advised to do so, declined. He even ordered that whatever interest came from what he invested should be put into United States securities."

THE Rev. Mr Platt, rector of Calvary church in Louisville, whither he has lately removed from Petersburg, Virginia, is praised in a secession-ist journal as "not only a most estimable man, but a very eloquent orator. *His discourses are of the highest order*, and, possessing the poetic expression of thought eminently, he is naturally one of the most popular of our clergy." Does this mean that there is a great deal of acting in Mr. Platt's performances?

JOHN RANDOLPH is said, upon one occasion, to have visited a race course near the city of New York. A flash looking stranger offered to bet him $500 upon the result of the race, and introducing his companion, said: "Mr. Randolph, you often there, Squire Tompkins, will hold the stakes." "But, sir," replied the orator of Roanoke, "who will hold Squire Tompkins after I give him my money?"

STATISTICS OF ST. LOUIS.—A letter to the Providence *Press* has some interesting statistical facts respecting St. Louis. Its population, according to the writer, is variously estimated at $230,000 to 245,000—a medium between the two being nearest correct.

D. C. WILLIAMS, Jr., of Jefferson county, Texas, has been convicted of treason and sentenced to the penitentiary for fourteen years. This is the first case of punishment for treason adjudged before the civil court of that State.

A CORRESPONDENT writes that, if we do sire it, he will "send us something to fill up with." That's just what we want. Suppose you commence now with a good roasting piece of beef, and a barrel of flour.—*Commercial Bulletin.*

PROBABLY A TRUE ESTIMATE.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* observes that the British House of Commons has the reputation of being both a very sensitive and a very plucky body, not easy to manage, but quite impossible to bully.

IT appeared by the testimony in a case now pending in Connecticut, that one of the parties thereto, a Mrs. Phillips, has had fourteen husbands. We submit that she had more than her share.

MR. LESH, of the Shawneetown *Mercury*, has direct information which states most positively that General Logan sides with Congress against the "policy" of the President.

WHOLE bread and butter does the Press dealt himself eat, if not the bread and butter of the Republican party which elected him? He holds his office at their hands.

ON Thursday last a torpedo exploded at Sullivan's Island, in Charleston harbor, throwing up an immense quantity of water. It had been sunk over three years.

WM. MCKNIGHT, Esq., of Mercer, has been appointed District Deputy Grand Master of the Masonic District, composed of Mercer, Beaver and Lawrence.

GOV. CURTIN declares that while no unseemly haste will be made in the execution of Probst, there shall be no unnecessary delay.

AT Mobile, on the 20th instant, a boy scarcely fifteen years old was hanged for the murder of another boy of thirteen.

THE number of masked balls which took place in Paris on the night of the *Mi-carême* was eleven hundred.

GEN. FRANK BLAIR, it is said, will be the next Conservative candidate for Governor of Missouri.

THE rebel General Dick Taylor is about to engage in the development of the Georgia gold regions.

LARGE FORTUNES have been made in Scotland by striking oil.

THE salary of the governor of California is $14,000 in gold.

MEETINGS.

ELECTION NOTICE.—The Annual Election for Directors of the BIRMINGHAM GAS COMPANY

Will be held at the office of the Company, on MONDAY, MAY 7th, between the hours of two and four o'clock P. M. By order

apl3:10d D. ROBINSON, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1866. (TUESDAY,

DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., free of Government tax, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to the stockholders on and after the 10th instant. C. H. RIGGS, Cashier.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1866.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of the Company have this day declared a dividend of FIFTY CENTS upon each share of the Capital Stock, out of the earned profits of existing risks of the last six months, free of Government and State taxes, payable to stockholders on and after the 10th inst. WM. P. HERBERT, apl2:2wd Secretary.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF the Bank have declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the earnings of the last six months, payable forthwith. The United States tax will be paid by the Bank.

may2:10d3 H. M. MURRAY, Cash.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1866.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., free of tax, out of the profits of the last six months, which will be paid to stockholders or their legal representatives on or after the 10th inst. WM. ROSEBURGH, Cashier.

may2:10d&lw.

UNION COAL AND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, MAY 1, 1866.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of SIX (6) PER CENT., free of tax, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after the 10th inst. J. MACKEEN, Cash.

may2:10d3

ROOMS AND BOARD.

BOARDING.—A few gentlemen can be accommodated with board and rooms; a Physician could be accommodated with room suitable for office, board and bed room. Address box 561, with proper name.

ROOMS AND BOARD.—Unfurnished Rooms can be had, with Board, by a gentleman and wife, in Allegheny, on the line of the Pittsburgh & Fort Wayne and Allegheny M. F. Railroads. References exchanged.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PITTSBURGH, April 20, 1866.

WE HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED WM. WADE, Jr., with us in the Foundry and Machinery business. The name and style of the firm to remain unchanged.

my2:3d3 MACKINTOSH, HEMPHILL & CO.

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.—The Union Republican voters of Allegheny County, are requested to meet at the usual places for holding elections, in the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships, on SATURDAY, MAY 26th, and elect two delegates from each election district, to a County Convention, to be held on TUESDAY, MAY 29th, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a County Ticket, and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before it.

The Republicans of each of that portion of Allegheny county lying in the 22d Congressional District, will, at the same time and places, elect two delegates from each election district, to meet in convention, at Cal. Hall, Allegheny, on TUESDAY, MAY 29th, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress in said district.

The primary elections in the townships will be held between the hours of four and six o'clock, and in the cities and boroughs between the hours of four and seven o'clock, P. M. In the cities and boroughs the elections shall be by ballot, and in the townships by marking or by ballot.

By order of the committee,

W. J. GILMORE, Chairman.

WM. ANDERSON, Secretaries.
R. W. THOMAS,

CONGRESS, 22d DISTRICT.

HON. J. K. MOORHEAD

Having placed himself at the disposal of his friends, now presented to their call made on him. His name is now presented by them as a candidate for nomination for Congress, for the 22d District, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

CONGRESS

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 22D DISTRICT.

CONGRESS.—The friends of HON. JOHN P. PENNEY

Will present his name to the Convention of the Fifth party, for nomination as a candidate for Congress in the 22d District. mh13:6wd

FOR SHERIFF,

SAMUEL B. CLULEY,

Subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh28:tds&wF

FOR SHERIFF,

CHARLES BARNES,

Late Colonel Sixth Reg. Pa. Heavy Artillery and Brev. Brig. Gen. U. S. A., subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh22:da&wF

FOR SHERIFF.

JOSEPH ROSS,

Of the First Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh9:tc

FOR SHERIFF.

CEN. S. B. M. YOUNG,

Late Colonel Fourth Pennsylvania Cavalry. mh9:tc

FOR SHERIFF.

COL. JAMES M'K. SNODGRASS,

Of McKeesport, late of the 9th Pa. Reserves, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the ensuing County Convention. mh9:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY,

JOHN A. DANKS,

Of Ross, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. my3:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY,

JOSIAH W. ELLS,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,

Will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the action of the Republican Union Convention. ap2:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY.

SAMUEL CHADWICK,

Of Collins Township, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY,

MAJ. GEN. J. B. KIDDOO,

Formerly of the 83d and 187th Pa. Vols., and 6th and 22d U. S. colored troops, and wounded several times in front of Richmond, will be a candidate for Assembly before the Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY.

THE FRIENDS OF

HON. GEORGE WILSON,

Of Pitt Township, will present his name as a candidate for Assembly, before the next Union Republican County Convention. PITT TOWNSHIP. ap2:tc

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

SAMUEL NEELY, SR.,

Of Manchester, (formerly of Sewickley township) will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

GEORGE HAMILTON,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

CHARLES PUGH,

Of Manchester, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tds wtc

FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT.

ALEXANDER HILANDS

Will be a candidate for Clerk of the Orphans' Court, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT.

JOHN M. LARIMER,

Of Chartiers township, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. my1:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT.

EB. WILLIAMS, JR.,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT.

HORACE S. SNOWDEN,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

JOHN G. BROWN,

Of Hampton Township, late Private Co. H, 102d Reg't Penn'a Vols. ap2:tc

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.

JOSEPH BROWNE,

Late of 83d Pennsylvania Volunteers and 5th Pennsylvania Artillery. Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. mh21:tc

FOR CLERK OF COURTS,

DR. WILLIAM J. GILMORE,

Of Upper St. Clair Township. mh2:2d&wtF

FOR REGISTER,

JOHN SMALL,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

FOR REGISTER,

JOSEPH H. GRAY,

Of Plum Township, (late of Co. K, 105th Pa. Reg., wounded and disabled at the battle of Fair Oaks,) subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

FOR REGISTER,

R. D. HUMES,

Of Tarentum Borough, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

FOR RECORDER.

HENRY SNIVELY,

Of the Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

FOR RECORDER.

ABDIEL M'CLURE,

Of Mifflin Township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

FOR RECORDER.

J. B. COPELAND,

Of Elizabeth Township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the decision of the next Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PITTSBURGH, May 2d, 1866.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 12 M. instant, inclusive, for building a stone bridge over Miller's run, on the Woods Run, in McClure township, on the road leading from Allegheny City to Beaver county, near Eckart's tavern.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application.

By direction of County Commissioners.

my2:tds&wF HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS, TAKE NOTICE, that until the 10TH OF MAY, 1866, Sealed Proposals will be received by the subscriber, at Noblestown, for the purpose of REBUILDING ROBINSON'S RUN BRIDGE, at Noblestown, on the Ohio and Pittsburgh road, in Allegheny county, near the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad. Also, will be given for the use of the contractor, the old brick church, which is 75 by 52 feet and 18 inch wall, containing 88 pews of excellent material. Draft and specifications can be seen by calling at the Post Office in Noblestown. Any further information can be had by calling on the Rev. J. GIBBS, near Noblestown. Address to Noblestown, Allegheny county, Pa.

WM. R. MORHEAD, Secretary of Committee.

ap26:2w&d&wF

ATTORNEYS.

R. RIDDLE ROBERTS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office, No. 75 Grant street,

my4:lwd PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—From and after Monday, May 7th next coming, SECOND STREET, East of the Second Street School House will be closed to all vehicles traveling thereon during the time necessary for repairing the same, and in accordance with City Ordinance, chapter IX, sections 12 and 13. JOHN FINN,

my3:3td Street Commissioner.

NOTICE.—All persons interested are hereby notified that the undersigned Viewers, appointed by law and assess damages for the opening of DAVIS ALLEY, in the Second Ward, Allegheny, from Webster Street to Pastore Court, will meet on the premises, on FRIDAY, MAY 11th, 1866, at 2 o'clock P. M., to fulfill the duties of their appointment.

JOSEPH FLEMING,
ARTHUR HOGAN,
THOMAS BAIRD,
Viewers.

ap28:2wd

NOTICE. The holders of Coupon bonds issued by the Fourth Ward, Allegheny City, School Board, for the purchase of lots to be used as lots for volunteers, are hereby notified that they will be redeemed on presentation to the Treasurer, D. HENDRIE, Esq., at the Second National Bank of Allegheny. Interest will not be paid after May 4th, 1866.

ap2:2wd P. R. FRANCIS, President of the Board.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, Commissioners named in the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Incorporate

THE PITTSBURGH GAS SAVINGS COMPANY,"

Approved the 12th day of April, A. D., 1866, will open Books and receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Company at the office of the CASH INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 57 Fourth street, Pittsburgh,

ON THE 21ST DAY OF MAY A. D., 1866,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
JAMES O'CONNOR,
JNO. W. CHALFANT,
R. BIDDLE ROBERTS,
W. K. NIMICK,
THOMAS SMITH,
Commissioners.

ap27:10td

COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, April 24, 1866.

IN PURSUANCE of the 21st Section of an Act relating to Allegheny County, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the Amendment to said Section, approved the 26th day of March, 1866, I, DANIEL AIKEN, Jr., Treasurer of said county, hereby give notice that the Duplicates of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships will be open, and I will be prepared to receive the County, State, Poor and Work-House Taxes for 1866, on and after the FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1866. Said Taxes can be paid at the Treasurer's office until the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST with a deduction of FIVE PER CENT. DISCOUNT for prompt payment to any person paying the whole amount of their taxes. There will be no deduction allowed on taxes paid during the month of August. There will be TEN PER CENT. ADDED to all taxes remaining unpaid on the first of September.

ap26:30d

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, Commissioners named in the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Incorporate the

ENTERPRIZE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH,"

Approved the 27th day of March, A. D., 1866, will open Books and receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Company, on the

19th Day of May, A. D., 1866,

At 10 o'clock A. M., at the FOURTH NATIONAL BANK, in the City of Pittsburgh, Penna.

JAMES O'CONNOR,
WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
JAMES M. KELLEY,
W. K. NICKELSON,
JAMES HEIDMAN,
R. BIDDLE ROBERTS,
Commissioners.

ap14:10td

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, March 28th, 1866.

THE NOTES OF THE CRAWFORD COUNTY BANK, Meadville; CRAWFORD COUNTY BANK, Conneaut; VENANGO BANK, Franklin, and PETROLEUM BANK, Titusville, will not hereafter be redeemed by this Bank.

mh29:1t GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c

CLOTH SACQUES.

SILK SACQUES.

New Styles, for sale by

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 Fifth Street.

my4

NEW SPRING GOODS

AT

W. W. MOORHEAD'S,

No. 81 Market Street.

RICH EMBROIDERIES;
FINE VALENCIA LACE TRIMMED SETS;
PLAIN AND VALENCIA LACE EDGES;
FLUTED LACE COLLARS;
PLAIN AND EMBROID'D SHIRT FRONTS;
NEW STYLE LAWN AND LINEN SLEEVES;
CORSETS—Plain, Satin and Embroidered, at

81 Market Street.

ap4

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

SOMETHING NEW.

GRISWOLD'S PATENT

Erasable Tablets,

Memorandums, Slates, &

ERASABLE TABLETS—all sizes
do DIARY SLIPS, do
do MEMORANDUMS—all sizes
do FOLIO TABLETS do
do DIARY do do
do SCHOOL do do

For sale by

JOHN P. HUNT & CO.,

59 Fifth St., Masonic Hall.

my2

A THRILLING BOOK.

Political Economy of Prophecy,

With special reference to its relation to the History of the Church and the Civil, Military and Ecclesiastical History of the Roman Empire, and of its last Emperors, the Three Napoleons, with an Appendix on the Pope's last Encyclical, and the Fitness of the Sultan of Turkey, prophetically and historically demonstrated. Illustrated by Portraits of the Napoleonic Family; a Chart of the course of Empires; Maps of the Holy Land, &c. By the Rev. J. A. Schimmell. For sale by J. I. REAL,

my1 No. 78 Fourth street.

FISHING TACKLE.

MAY IS ON HAND.

FISHING

WILL BE THE SPORT OF THE SEASON.

Fishing Hooks and Tackles,

CANE POLES,

Flies, Reels, Lines and Baits,

AT

JAMES BOWN'S,

my4:WAS 136 WOOD STREET.

LEGAL.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE. By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, dated April 24th, 1866, the undersigned, Guardian of the minor children and heirs of law of Matthew Smith, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, May 26th, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., all that certain Lot of Ground situate in the Third Ward, City of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, Pa., numbered in the Plan of lots of John Hogg as No. 40, and bounded by High street, by a lot or late of Andrew Watson, and by lot No. 36, being fifty by 165 feet, whereon are erected a Frame House containing one room and a garret, a two-storied Frame House, Brick Shop and three Brick tenements, &c.

Terms made known at time of sale. For further information, enquire of A. M. BROWN, Attorney at Law, Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

my2:2td&wF JOHN HARRISON, Guardian.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.

A. M. BROWN,

Attorney at Law,

Has removed his Office to

No. 114 Fifth Street.

my4:lwd

LIME.

EASTERN WHITE LIME.

The undersigned is receiving daily SUPERIOR

WHITE LIME

By the car load. Glass manufacturers and others furnished by the wagon load or barrel at the Lowest Rates.

my4:3td Coal Yard, 630 Liberty street.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—We have this day associated with us as partner and General Manager of the Foundry our Machine business, in which we are now engaged, Mr. JAMES NELSON, formerly of the well-known firm of J. & Nelson, of this city.

HUGH M. BOLK,
HUNTER ORR.

PITTSBURGH April 1st, 1866.—ap1:6md

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES,

To make room for an ENTIRE NEW STOCK.

my1 CHARLOTTE BLUME, 43 Fifth street.

VENETIAN BLINDS.

WM. G. WRIGHT,

MANUFACTURER OF

VENETIAN BLINDS,

No. 56 Federal St., Allegheny City.

GOLD BLINDS DONE UP EQUAL TO NEW.

ap28:wd6m

GROCERS.

JOHN FLOYD. WM. FLOYD

JOHN FLOYD & CO., Wholesale GROCERS, No. 178 Wood and 229 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap28:lyd

WANTED.

WANTED—Situation as Clerk. Will guarantee perfect satisfaction. Address D. D., care Gazette Office. ap28:tf

WANTED—Good Agents to sell SHERMAN AND HIS CAMPAIGN, GRANT AND HIS CAMPAIGN, and the latest and most popular CHILD'S PRAYER. FIRST LESSON, standard pictures, and THE ANGEL IN ANY CONDITIONS. These are all new Books and Pictures, just published, and are selling more than ever before offered to the public. For full particulars, apply or address ASHER & CO., 79 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

mh21:2d1aw:MW

WANTED—$1,500 PER YEAR! —We want AGENTS everywhere to sell our IMPROVED TWENTY DOLLAR SEWING MACHINES, three new kinds, under and over feed, warranted five years. Above salary or large commission paid. The ONLY Machine sold in United States for less than $60, which will *fully* do sewing by *Hand, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co. and Rochester.* All three cheap Machines are INFRINGEMENTS, and will be seized from all who use them after May 4th, 1866. Address D. L. Bliss, Biddeford, Maine. de9:6m&MWF

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—About FORTY BUILDING LOTS in Pittsburgh and Allegheny City, on McKnight and Wood streets, Penn avenue, Fifth avenue, Forbes street, Duquesne Way, Webster avenue, Ohio street, Diamond alley, Fifth street, Penn street, Liberty street, Water street, Ross street, Wayne street, Fifth avenue, Second avenue, Third avenue, Grant street, Wood street, Market street, Virgin alley, Strawberry alley, Cherry alley, Grant's hill

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1866.

ADVERTISING RATES

Established by the Press of Pittsburgh

STANDING MATTER.

One Square of Ten Lines, Eight Words to the Line, or 8-4 Inch Space.

TIME.	Daily.	3 t. & 1 week	2 t. & 1 week	1 t. & 1 week
One time	75			
Two times	1 25			
Three times	1 75			
Four times	2 25			
Five times	2 50			
Six times, one week	3 00	2 00	1 50	1 00
Seven times	3 40			
Eight times	3 75			
Nine times	4 10			
Ten times	4 50			
Eleven times	4 75			
Twelve times, 2 weeks	5 00	3 25	2 50	1 75
Three weeks	7 00	5 00	3 50	2 50
One month	9 00	6 00	4 50	3 00
Two months	15 00	10 00	7 50	5 00
Three months	18 00	12 00	9 00	6 00
Six months	30 00	20 00	15 00	11 00
One year	54 00	36 00	27 00	18 00

CHANGEABLE ONCE A WEEK.

One month	11 00	7 00	5 50	4 00
Two months	17 00	11 50	9 00	6 00
Three months	24 00	16 00	12 00	8 00
Six months	42 00	28 00	21 00	14 00
One year	72 00	48 00	36 00	24 00

Unflattering Picture of the House of Commons.

From the London Star, April 18.]

If DEMOSTHENES were alive in our day, and were afflicted with his early difficulties of elocution, he might find a severer school of practice than on the margin of the roaring deep. To attempt to address the House of Commons in favor of reform, and in front of a sea of howling Tories, would be the best possible test of the lungs, the articulation and the patience of a raw student of eloquence. It must be owned that what the Tories lack in argument they make up in noise. *The beastly bellowing of which O'Connell complained was as uproarious and vehement* on Monday night as at any time during the passages of arms which took place between the Irish orator and the statesman whom he designated Scorpion Stansfley. Every Conservative seemed inclined to do the noisy part, according to *Boston's* definition of it—nothing but roaring *The Tories howled down their opponents when they could not reply to them. A running fire of the rudest interruptions, the coarsest contradiction*, strove perpetually to disturb the composure of every speaker who took the Ministerial view of the question. It is some what difficult to understand why the rules which regulate the intercourse of gentlemen every where should be suspended in favor of a gathering of Tories, simply because they are seated under the roof of what is commonly called the greatest legislative assembly in the world. Certainly that workman's meeting would be regarded as grossly and inexcusably exceptionable indeed which tolerated one-tenth of the *roystering, vulgar and uproarious* conduct in which Torvism rioted and reveled during the Parliamentary debate of Monday evening.

Respective Ages of the Senators of the Thirty-Ninth Congress

Kirkwood	58	Morrill	52
Seward	65	Nesmith	52
Williams	48	Howe	50
Cragin	45	Cowan	51
Yates	48	Harris	56
Guthrie	47	Saulsbury	46
Norton	37	Grimes	50
Stewart	39	Anthony	51
Doolittle	52	Sherman	53
Nye	53	Dixon	52
Lane, H. S.	52	Chandler	53
Dakalew	39	Wright	52
Brown	49	Wade	66
Conness	44	Wilson	51
Van Winkle	58	Foster	56
Ramsey	51	Trumbull	53
Hendricks	47	Fessenden	60
Sprague	38	Foot	63
Morgan	59	Sumner	55
Wilfey	53	McDougall	49
Henderson	39	Lane, J. H.	52
Davis	67	Clark	57
Sherman	45	Howard	54
Pomeroy	50	Poland	51
Riddle	49	Edmunds	38

HANDLING BAGGAGE.—At railway stations there is often a rough and careless style of handling trunks and other articles of personal baggage, that is altogether inexcusable. By the checking system, which is admirably carried out on our railroads, the traveler is released from all apprehension of losing his baggage. But in what condition it will be restored to his hand, he must wait, trustfully and hopefully, to ascertain. Amidst how many trunk have a rent or two in its covering, or a corner or two turned inwards, he has no redress for the damage done to it. It is said that baggage is more rudely handled by porters in this country than in any other. Not only daily but almost hourly are baffling baggage have and unfeelingly hard work to do. But they get pay for it enough, and they should exercise more patience and care, to avoid the danger which is unavoidable if trunks are piled and thrown like blocks of wood. Surely many packages themselves, but their contents, are often injured in this way.

A widow lady of Danville, Kentucky took an orphan boy to raise, quite small; when he arrived at the age of eighteen she married him, without telling him her fifteen. They lived many years together as happy as any other people. Ten years ago they took an orphan girl to raise. Last fall the old lady died, being ninety-six years of age, and in seven weeks after, the old man married the girl they had raised, he being sixty-eight years old and she eighteen. Such is life.

WALL PAPERS, &c.

THOMAS PALMER

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

WALL PAPER

TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES AND TABLE COVERS

Warehouse, 91 Wood Street,

Second door below Diamond Alley, PITTSBURGH, PA.

PAPER HANGINGS FOR 1866.

A great collection of *American Wall Papers.* For the first time in five years *NEW ENGLISH PAPER* A choice selection of the Newest French Papers For sale by WALTER P. MARSHALL, 82 Wood Street.

FINE GOLD PAPERS, FOR PARLORS,

Of the NEWEST DESIGNS, at 107 Market street.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

WALL PAPERS OF ALL QUALITIES, AT No. 107 MARKET STREET, NEAR FIFTH. JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

DRUM & SLACK,

Have on hand a Large Assortment of MOWING MACHINES, HORSE RAKES, STRAW CUTTERS, SCYTHES AND HAY RAKES, No. 24 and 30 Ohio St., Allegheny

HAY.

HAY! HAY!! HAY!!!

THREE CARS BALED

TIMOTHY HAY,

FOR SALE BY

SHOEMAKER & LANG,

172 and 174 WOOD STREET.

FISH.

FRESH FISH!

DAILY ARRIVALS OF

LAKE AND EASTERN FISH,

AT No. 45 DIAMOND MARKET, PITTSBURGH.

We invite the attention of the Public, and request a call, as we are prepared to sell all kinds of Fresh Fish as low as any in the trade. Wholesale and retail en tomers promptly waited on. BENJAMIN PULFREY.

BROKER.

S. S. BRYAN, Broker in Stocks, BONDS AND REAL ESTATE, 57 FOURTH STREET, (Brokers Building), buys and sells on Commission RAILROAD, INSURANCE, BANK STOCKS, and GOVERNMENT, MUNICIPAL, RAILROAD AND OTHER BONDS. Orders executed in NEW YORK and PHILADELPHIA STOCK BOARDS at the regular commissions charged in those cities. Orders solicited for sale and purchase of Real Estate. apl2

UPHOLSTERY.

RICHARD W. ROBERTS. | JOHN H. HERRING

FOURTH STREET UPHOLSTERY

No. 86 FOURTH STREET, NEAR WOOD.—The subscribers manufacture and keep constantly on hands every article in their line, viz: Cornices, Curtains, Curtain Goods, Comforts, Feather Beds (of all sizes), Mattresses of all kinds; also, the celebrated Paterson Spring Bed. All kinds of Shades, Blinds and Fixtures made to order. Prompt attention is given to all orders for Putting up and laying down Carpets. Oil Cloths, &c. ROBERTS & HERRING.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AYER'S PILLS—Are you Sick, feeble and complaining? Are you out of order with your system deranged and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and deranges its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering and derangement. While in this condition, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangement of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly and, many of them surely cured by the same means. None who know of the virtues of these Pills will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure, such as Headache, Foul Stomach, Dysentery, Biliousness, Rheumatism, Indigestion, Derangement of the Liver, Costiveness, Constipation, Heartburn, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Worms and Suppression, when taking is the best testimony.

They are Sugar Coated, so that the most sensitive can take them easily, and they are surely the best purgative now discovered.

AYER'S AGUE CURE,

For the speedy cure of *Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague and Remittent Fever Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in the Malarious Environment, caused by the Malaria of miasmatic countries.*

This remedy has rarely failed to cure the severest cases of Chills and Fever, and it has this great advantage over other Ague medicines, that it subdues the complaint without injury to the patient. It contains no quinine or other deleterious substance, nor does it produce quinism or any injurious effect whatever. Shaking brothers of the north and the west, try it and you will endorse these assertions.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by H. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO., and by all Druggists. mh16.2m&wF

RETROUVEY'S TURKISH BANDOLENIAN HAIR TONIC.

THE DRESSING AND RENOVATOR OF THE AGE!

TURKISH BANDOLENIAN.

RETROUVEY'S TURKISH BANDOLENIAN. What can be more acceptable than anything that will beautify? that will restore nature's decay by stopping the hair from falling out, restoring its natural color, making it to grow in its luxuriance, assist in putting it up according to the present style and fashion and keep it in curl? RETROUVEY'S *Turkish Bandolenian Hair Tonic* will do, and for proof we refer you to any person who has tried it. It is acknowledged to be the beautifier of the age, the only Hair Pilic and Restorer worthy of the name. In Turkey, in France, England, in America—everywhere where the word "Bandolenian" is pronounced the same *ne plus ultra* of Hair Preparations. Remember, it is free from all metallic poisons that are contained in most Hair Colors and dressings. It is the extract of many flowers and herbs, beautifully put up, an elegant toilet article.

For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, wholesale.

K. K. SELDERS & CO.

B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

Priacipa Depot for United States and Canadas, JAMES PALMER & CO.

No. 69 Market street, Philadelphia.

de10:3meod&wT

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPELTER SOLDER, BRASS AND COPPER IN SHEETS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, PLANERS' MACHINES AND TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 10 FIRST and 120 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my28:1yd&wT

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS,

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS.

Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Mulay, Cross-Cut, Hand, and all other varieties.

Also, Manufacturers of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Sheet Cast-Steel; Extra Refined REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.

Nos. 62 and 64 Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs or all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. ap25:1y

WM. BARNHILL & CO.

Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers.

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. SUMMIT MACHINE SHOP. FILE BOILERS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON, BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS; and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. de16-tf

ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MILLER & MILLER),

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Foundery & Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES, BLAST ENGINES, MILL MACHINERY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR, or feeding boilers.

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,

Manufacturers of IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, IRON RAILING, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 91 SECOND and 88 THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. ap2

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS,

OF BOTH SEXES.—A reverend gentleman, having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing the usual routine and irregular expensive mode of treatment without success, considers it a sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow-creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send, *free*, a copy of the prescription used.

Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, Brooklyn, New York. my3:1m

SENT FREE.—A Pamphlet of immense importance to the old and young, married and single, of both sexes, will be sent free by addressing with stamp enclosed, the Agents, A. KENDRICK & CO., Box 73, Boston Post Office. my3:1yd&w

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER; OR, AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION FOR YOUNG MEN. Also, new and reliable treatment of the Urinary and Sexual System Address: Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. apl1ly

SEWING MACHINES.

LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINES,

For Families and Manufacturers.

After twelve years trial, it has been demonstrated that the LOCK-STITCH is the only stitch suitable for every variety of sewing.

CALL AND EXAMINE AT

THE WHEELER & WILSON SALESROOM.

No. 27 Fifth Street.

WM. SUMNER & CO.

ap11 GROVER & BAKER'S

SEWING MACHINES

Have been awarded the FIRST PREMIUMS at the following Fairs for the year 1866:

First Premium for best Machine work at Penna State Fair.

First premium for best Machine work at New Yor State Fair.

First Premium for best Family Machine at Oh State Fair.

First premium for best manufacturing Machine Ohio State Fair.

First premium for best Manufacturing Machine Michigan State Fair.

First premium for best Manufacturing Machine Wisconsin State Fair.

First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine Lawrence County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Machine for general purposes, at Lawrence County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Family Machine at Buck County Fair, Pa.

First premium for best Manufacturing Machine Bucks County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Springfield Fair, Ohio.

First Premium for best Manufacturing and Famil Machine at Palmyra Fair, N. Y.

First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Suffolk County Fair, N. Y.

First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Schuyler County Fair, N. Y.

First Premium for best Machine for all purposes, at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.

First premium for best Manufacturing Machine, Allegheny County Fair, Pa.

First premium for best Machine work at Allegheny County Fair, Pa. And wherever exhibited.

A. F. CHATONEY,

GENERAL AGENT,

oct27:eodtf No. 18 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

SHAW & CLARK'S

IMPROVED

SEWING MACHINES.

40 Machines

SOLD IN TWO DAYS,

Are manufactured without any complicated machinery, and therefore are not liable to get out of repair, and are perfectly adapted for every description of Family Sewing and Tailoring. We do not class our Machines with cheap machines, as we have taken 60 Patentee prices.

They HEM, FELL, STITCH, BIND, EMBROIDER, QUILT, Lieu and Overhow, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, and Bachelder.

All other Machines are warranted five years.

AGENTS WANTED.

R. H. LONG, Agent, 112 Grant street, near Fifth, PITTSBURGH, PA.

no10:3meod

$25 BARTLETT $25

SEWING MACHINE.

Licensed under patents of Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, and Singer Co., and the only Cheap Machine in the United States, having the right to use the Wheeler & Wilson or four motion Under Feed.

We want Agents to sell them. Will pay $50 per week and expenses, or large commissions. Will send Machines, to be paid for when sold. For Circulars, terms, &c., enclose stamp, and address PAGE BROTHERS, GENERAL AGENTS FOR AGENCY, Toledo, Ohio, or St. Louis, Mo.

Sews with double or single thread.—*Scientific American.* mh28:1m&w2

DENTISTRY

JOSEPH ADAMS, Dentist, Counselor at Dentistry. DIAMOND and GEM setting, Watch and Jewelry Repairing, Dr. A. M. Follett's Artificial Gum Solution, Bread Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.

Benefit of the Young Tragedian.

EDWIN ADAMS,

Who will appear as ROBERT LANDRY, THE ARTISTE, THE REPRESENTATIVE and CATO, THE CENSOR.

THIS (Friday) EVENING, will be presented the 4 act Drama, entitled

THE DEAD HEART.

Robert Landry.....Edwin Adams

Act 1st—THE BASTILE.

Act 2d—DUEL TO THE DEATH.

Act 3d—THE GUILLOTINE.

OPERA HOUSE.

MANAGER.....W. H. LEAK

Benefit of the charming

MISS LOTTA.

THIS (Friday) EVENING, Spectacular Burlesque, entitled the

SEVEN DAUGHTERS OF SATAN,

Tartarina, with songs, hornpipe, banjo solos, Irish dances, &c., &c.....Miss LOTTA.

The most magnificent Scenery ever produced. The SILVER LAKE AND SHOWER OF GOLD.

New Scenery, Costumes and Mechanical Effects.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, GRAND

LOTTA MATINEE.

During the evening the "Lotta Polka," composed and respectfully dedicated to Miss LOTTA, by J. E. Hortel.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

MANAGERESS.....Mrs. ETTIE HENDERSON.

GROVER'S GERMAN OPERA

IN GOUNOD'S GREAT PRODUCTION OF

FAUST.

The New York papers say this production alone stamps Grover's Troupe as the greatest artists in the world

THIS (Friday) EVENING, will be presented

FAUST.

Mephistopheles.....W. Jos. Hermans.

Faust.....Franz Hemmer.

Marguerite.....Madame Rotter.

Seibel.....Mlle Sophie Dzuba.

Valentine.....Henry Steinecke.

Wagner.....Otto Lehman.

Martha.....Madame Berger.

THAYER, NOYES & CO.'S

GRAND COMBINATION

CIRCUS.

THE GREAT MASTODON OF 1866,

Embodying the enormous cavalcade of

100 *MEN AND* 150 *HORSES,*

Together with a grand comprehensive troupe of

Performing Monkeys, Apes, Baboons, Animals, Dogs, Ponies, &c.,

Collected from the four quarters of the globe, will exhibit at the

RED LION LOT, PITTSBURGH,

On Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

MAY 7TH, 8TH, 9TH, 10TH, 11TH AND 12TH.

Admission.....50 cents

Children under 12 years.....25 cents

Doors open at 1 and 7 o'clock p. m. Commence half an hour after opening. Seats for everybody. No standing room.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

The entire performances of the Great Circus, from the tremendously pageantic to the final of Mons. The Extravaganza, will be produced with a degree of artistic finish and in a style of magnificence unparalleled in any age or clime. The Equestrian acts will embrace an originality of conception and completeness of execution sufficient to establish the great and obvious superiority of the Mammoth Combination. The entertainments will be essentially different in style and effect from the ordinary equestrian amusements, and they will be given by a grand troupe of European and American artistes, the most distinguished in the world, who are unsurpassed gifted with rare talents and matchless grace. The equestrian statuary is varied and picturesque in arrangement, and greater than ever before attained in this country; and they will be presented with the vivid splendor of surroundings of the most illuminated and aphernalia, extravagantly magnificent, aided by the important characteristics of superb music and brilliant effects. The whole is a complete system of construction with amusement, and entirely faultless in style, and incomparable in purity and excellence.

ESPECIAL NOTICE.

Family parties of ladies and children visiting the Circus will have prompt attention shown them by polite ushers, especially assigned to promote the comfort of families who are unable to attend the exhibition with an escort. my1:3tdd2:3

MASONIC HALL,

FOR FOUR NIGHTS ONLY,

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

May 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th.

The Great Consolidated

SAM SHARPLEY'S MINSTRELS

AND

Tony Partor's Consolidation,

UNITED IN ONE GRAND ENTERTAINMENT

25 ARTISTS

Of celebrity, under the direction of the Famous Wit and Humorist,

SAM SHARPLEY,

Who will positively appear at each performance. Admission, 25 cents; reserved Seats, 50 cents. Tickets for sale at STITOCK'S NEWS ROOMS, opposite the Post office.

J. W. ALLINSON, Agent.

GRAND SCHOOL EXHIBITION!

TABLEAUX, DRAMATIC SCENES, RECITATIONS, MUSIC, &c.

Swirley Academy, Friday Evening, May 4, 1866.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Exercises commence at 7½ o'clock. Tickets 25 cents. For sale at the Academy, or at 121 Wylie office. Trains run each way, on the P. F. W. & C. R. R., after the entertainment Wednesday and Thursday morning. my2:2d

BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

We are Selling the Cheapest in the City

The best Womens' Congress (silk gore) trailers.$2 25

do do do Fine do (hand made) 2 75

do do do (417 made) Morocco Boot..... 2 50

do do Misses' Congress Lasting Gaiters..... 1 50

do do Children's do do do 1 25

do do do Lasting Tip Balmorals..... 1 25

Also a very large stock of Misses' Boys, Youths' and Children's BALMORALS, GAITERS and CALF BOOTS at equally low prices.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, at the old stand of

J. H. & W. C. BORLAND,

ap30 No. 98 Market street, 2d door from 5th st.

LADIES', GENTS'

AND

CHILDREN'S

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters,

BALMORALS,

Slippers, &c.,

AT

McCLELLAND'S

AUCTION EMPORIUM

Nos. 55 and 57

Fifth Street,

PRIVATE SALES DAY AND EVENING. ap24

NEW GOODS.

A SPLENDID STOCK

OF

Ladies', Gent's, Misses', and Children's

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,

OF ALL THE LATEST STYLES,

JUST OPENED AT

J. A. ROBINSON & CO.'S,

61 Market Street.

ap13

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JAMES ROBB,

No. 89 Market Street, near 5th

Second large purchase of BOOTS AND SHOES this Spring. We keep on hand a full assortment of every variety of Boots and Shoes, selected with the utmost care for this market. We invite special attention to our stock, as we believe it to be the best in the city, which we will sell at the lowest prices. Please call at No. 89 Market street. Having had over thirty years experience in the business, you cannot fail to be suited. Remember the place, No. 89 Market street. (apld) JAMES ROBB.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.,

No. 88 Market Street.

Have now on hand an extensive assortment of LADIES', MISSES', BOYS' and CHILDREN'S

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Balmorals,

&c., &c., &c.,

Which they can and do sell as cheap as any other house in the city.

Call and examine, at No. 88 Market street. apld

FOR SALE—FOR RENT.

FOR SALE,

A SMALL FARM of 30 acres, situate in Baldwin township, Allegheny county, Pa., 9½ miles from the city, on the Brownsville road. The improvements are a large two-story Frame House, with 10 rooms, double parlor, wide hall running through the house; water just at the door; a Bank Barn, 50 by 30 feet, and other out-buildings; a garden of excellent soil, containing one half acre, planted with all kinds of dwarf fruit and vines; fruit of every kind; about 200 or set trees of best quality of grafted fruit. The soil of the whole farm is good. The very best of fencing; a beautiful lawn in front, planted with shrubbery and trees. For a country residence, it is not surpassed, and for a profitable investment, there is no question.

Also, the best Farm in Elizabeth township, containing about 90 acres, lying on the Monongahela river, immediately below Lock No. 2, on which is erected a large two-story Brick Dwelling House, one log and one Frame Bank Barn, corn-crib, wagon shed, brick spring house, granary, work shop, &c. About 30 acres of the above is first quality river bottom; the balance being limestone land, and underlaid with coal, and about 20 acres of limestone. There are two orchards of apple trees, in good bearing condition; peach, pear, plum and grape vines, &c. The land is well adapted for gardening purposes, being a short distance from the thriving borough of Elizabeth, creating a market at home for all the products. This property will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

Also, a Farm of 117 acres, situate in Fallowfield township, Washington county, Pa., about 2 miles from the village of Beallsville. The improvements are, first, a two story frame house with five rooms; second, a two-and-a-half story hewed log house; third, a Bank Barn, 100 by 40 feet; a good spring house, three large orchards of different fruit, apple, peach, pear, plum, quince cherry, 80 acres cleared; the remainder in good timber. The land is level and of the very best quality, and will be sold at a reduced price.

Also, a Farm of about 120 acres, in Fairfield township, Westmoreland Co., Pa. The improvements are a hewed log house, kitchen attached, a log barn and a lehant house; a good apple orchard, peaches and cherries coming into bearing. The remainder in the very best white oak timber. The land is good. The location is very healthy. This property will be sold on possession immediately.

Also at gold prices, a Farm of about 143 acres in Fallowfield township, Washington Co., Pa., about one mile west of Lock No. 4, on the Monongahela river. The improvements are a log house, log and frame house, a frame barn, wagon shed and other out-buildings; fencing generally good; a young orchard of apples and other fruit trees; 110 acres of coal of the best quality, and a vein of the best limestone; convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c. The property is also authorized to sell very cheap.

Also, a Farm of about 200 acres, situated in West Wheatfield Township, Indiana county, Penna. The improvements are a good, comfortable, two-story Frame House, with 6 rooms, a large frame barn, carriage house, frame corn-crib and wash house, hog-pen and a two-story stone spring house; about 150 acres cleared and in timothy and clover; a good orchard of apple, peach, pear and quince trees. The fencing is generally good. The land is of a good quality, abundance of timber, about 1 mile and a half from coal. This property will be sold very cheap.

Also, a Farm of about 240 acres adjoining the above. The improvements are a hewed log house, frame barn and a large frame barn; 175 acres cleared and under a good state of cultivation; a small apple orchard; a large two-story limestone house now occupied and would make a first-rate Stock Farm, or will be sold separately.

Also, the best farm in Fairmont township, Westmoreland county, Pa., containing 300 acres, about 8 miles south of the Pa. Railroad. The improvements are two large hewed log houses, one of the largest and best frame barns in the township; two apple orchards, the whole in fine bearing; a high state of cultivation. The fencing is all No. 1. The limestone is inexhaustible. About 200 acres cleared, the balance in good timber. Possession on the first day of April, 1866. This property will be sold at a great bargain. The owner would also sell or exchange for a good Coal Farm, or will be sold separately.

Also, a Farm of 150 acres, situate in McCandless township, Allegheny county, Pa., about 8 miles from the city. The improvements are a Log House, a large barn, apple orchard, peach and pear. I will sell this valuable property very cheap and on easy terms.

For further particulars, inquire of

G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 164 Fourth street.

LOTS FOR SALE

IN PITT TOWNSHIP

AT FROM $60 TO $600.

Enquire of

McMASTER, GAZZAM & CO.,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

my12

A HANDSOME COUNTRY HOME

FOR SALE, situate 2¾ miles from the city, and within ten minutes walk of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, commanding a beautiful view of the city, river and surrounding country. It comprises about 8 acres of ground, highly cultivated and laid out in the most approved style of modern landscape gardening; is studded with shrubbery, and a great variety of the choicest fruits and flowers in full bearing. There is also on it a never-failing spring of water, and about one acre in wood. The improvements consist of a large and handsome Cottage, with 8 rooms and wash-house, a large and handsomely built Stable, an out room for man, &c., the whole in good repair. The house is supplied with a few feet of the kitchen door, and all is under excellent fence. For particulars, price, terms, &c., enquire of B. McLAIN & CO.,

apl26 122 Fourth street.

FOR SALE.

POSSESSION GIVEN APRIL 1st.

A Delightful Residence in M'Clure Tp.

The Lot is in the highest state of cultivation. Two good Springs on the premises.

For terms, enquire of

JAMES T. SAMPLE,

Real Estate Broker and Insurance Agent.

mh21 No. 85 Federal street, Allegheny.

COAL AND LIME PROPERTY

FOR SALE—On the Steubenville Railroad, seven miles from the city,

CONTAINING ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SIX ACRES,

Steam and Water Flouring and Saw Mill, and other fine improvements.

Also, a large quality Acres of COAL, without the above, two Farms at Stewart's Station, on Central Railroad, containing 175 and 125 acres

For further particulars, enquire of

WILLIAM WARD,

(Opposite the Cathedral.)

feb13 No. 116 Grant street.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE COAL LAND.

Will be sold TO-DAY at reduced prices. This tract is situated in Washington county, Pa., about the North-Western Pennsylvania Railroad, about two miles east of Apollo, Pa., and containing two very large veins of COAL, one 8 and the other 6 feet, and very complete WATER POWER.

For further particulars inquire at the Law and Claim Office of the

W. J. & HALL PATTERSON,

del3 No. 140 Fourth St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FARM FOR SALE—Known as the St. Clair Farm, containing 176 acres, about 100 under cultivation, the balance in timber, about 4 miles from the County Seat. The improvements consist of a LARGE TWO STORY FILING HOUSE, double Log Barn, Spring House, &c. There is also a 7 foot vein of good Coal on the farm; also, a Saw Mill Seat. Terms easy. Inquire of

J. McLAUGHLIN & CO.,

No. 124 Liberty street, Pittsburgh,

Or of WM. SHIELDS, in the vicinity. ap28:1md

FARM FOR SALE Containing 118 acres, situate in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, two (2) miles from New Florence. The improvements consist of a FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, 1½ stories, 32 feet front, by 26 deep, containing five rooms and a good cellar. Also, a good Frame Barn and all necessary outbuildings. A choice Lot. Inquire of

J. McLAUGHLIN & CO.,

No. 124 Liberty street, Pittsburgh,

Or of A. MATTHEWS, on the premises.

ap28:1md

VALUABLE BLOCK OF LOTS

FOR SALE IN THE NINTH WARD.—Bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner of Lumber and Liberty streets; thence along Liberty street 200 feet to the corner of Carroll street; thence at right angles and parallel with Lumber, opposite the Outer Depot Works. The above is well suited to erect a large manufacturing establishment, or to subdivide into suitable building lots, having the advantage of four fronts. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO., 122 Fourth st.

FOR SALE, SEWICKLEY RESIDENCE.—Twenty-six acres of land in a high state of cultivation, on which is a two-story frame dwelling, containing eight rooms, with cellar under the whole house. Good stable and carriage house. Excellent water. Fifteen hundred trees, including every variety of fruit. Near access, in forest trees near the house. Cold grapery and abounding in shrubbery and flowers.

JOHN D. BAILEY,

Stock and Real Estate Broker,

my27 No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE, AN OAKLAND RESIDENCE.—One of the most delightful spots in Allegheny county, with a LARGE BRICK DWELLING, having all the modern improvements, and about 8 acres of ground, with every variety of fruit, shade and ornamental trees and shrubbery.

JOHN D. BAILEY,

Stock and Real Estate Broker,

ap26 No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE 500 acres of excellent Timber Land in Jefferson Co., Pa., to offer at the low price of $6 per acre; also, a block of Building Lots in the Ninth Ward, opposite the Outer Depot, just the point for a large manufacturing establishment, surrounded by streets and alleys; a cheap Building Lot on Magee street, in the Eighth Ward, near Forbes; also, a Farm to be offered for sale. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO., 122 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—A large and well finished Mansion House of 15 rooms, wide halls, high ceilings, well of water, cistern, garden and fruit trees, situate near Pa. Avenue, this side of Soho Run, overlooking the Monongahela river. Possession can be had at short notice. Will be sold on easy terms, by

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,

ap23 51 Market street.

DWELLING HOUSE ON WYLIE STREET FOR SALE.—That large and well finished three story Brick Dwelling on Wylie street near Fifth, finished in modern style, containing 12 rooms, kitchen, range, bath room, hot and cold water and gas throughout the building. This is one of the most desirable residences for a dwelling or boarding purpose now offered for sale. Possession April 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO., 122 Fourth street.

jan27

$4,000 WILL PURCHASE A BRICK DWELLING HOUSE of parlor, dining room, kitchen, four chambers, bath room, cellar, etc., 16x24, fronting on Penn street, 20 deep to a street; shade and fruit trees, grape vines, &c., pleasantly situate in the Third Ward, Allegheny.

S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.

ap26

PENN STREET RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—A three story BRICK DWELLING, No. 103, fronting 42 feet on Penn street, with all the modern appliances for convenience and comfort. Early possession given. Apply to

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,

ap26 57 Fourth st., Barker's Building.

FOR SALE A desirable three-story Brick Dwelling, having hot and cold water and gas in first and second stories, on River avenue, near Anderson street, Allegheny.

JOHN D. BAILEY,

Stock and Real Estate Broker,

ap30 No. 102 Fourth street.

NEAR SOHO BRIDGE, between Penn Avenue and Connellsville R. R.—For sale, a large and comfortable Dwelling House, in good order, with large garden, fruit trees, &c., with detached Stable, fine position and beautiful view. For full particulars, apply to

S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.

FOR SALE—155 acres of Coal, situate in Sewickley township, Washington county, Penna., near the line of the Steubenville Railroad, at Midway Station, about 21 miles from the city. For full particulars, enquire of G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 164 Fourth street, or to WILLIAM C. CAMPBELL, on the premises.

FOR SALE—A two-story Brick Dwelling of 7 rooms, hall, and vestibule, three years built, with lot 42 by 130 feet, situate on Ewalt street, Lawrenceville, all in complete order. For further information, terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of G. S. BATES, mh12 Butler street, Lawrenceville.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE, consisting of a Lot of Ground having a front on Stevenson street of 50 feet, and extending back 230 feet, on which are erected two 3-Frame Dwellings, which now rent for $500 per year. Here is a safe investment of 10 per cent.

B. McLAIN & CO., 122 Fourth street.

ap24

FOR SALE—500 acres of heavy Timber Land in Snyder township, Jefferson county, which we offer at the low price of $4 per acre. B. McLAIN & CO., 122 Fourth street.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

REMOVAL.

T. & J. T. M'CANCE,

Merchant Tailors and Clothiers,

Have Removed to the New Building,

No. 196 Liberty Street.

Owing to the lateness of their purchases for the SPRING TRADE (the senior partner being now in the East) they are prepared to exhibit goods for the CUSTOM

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1866.

ROBINSON, McCLEAN & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

No. 75 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh,

Dealers in all kinds of Government Securities, Gold and Silver, Uncurrent Bank Notes, Foreign and Domestic Exchange, etc., etc., etc.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made in all parts of the United States on most favorable terms.

Orders executed with [illegible] for everything in the business at the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh Brokers' Boards strictly on commission.

Draw on H. CLEWS & CO., New York, J. COOKE & CO., Philadelphia; Messrs. C. D. & T. H. PERKINS, Boston.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

THURSDAY, May 3, 1865.

Gold has still further advanced, being quoted in New York to-day at 127½. Government bonds steady, but without decided change. The demand for money is rather increasing, but there is a very good supply, and the market is easy at unchanged rates.

The New York *World*, of Wednesday, noticing the movements of the gold market, says:

Gold loans were easy at 1-16 per cent in the morning, and gradually declined to 1-32, with a pressure to lend. The short interest was tolerably well closed up to-day; and the speculators are now all long. When the dividends of $22,500,000 in gold, due to-day, are disbursed by government, and on the market, the question arises, who will buy that sum, at present rates, to carry and look at? If specie shipments are made to Europe at the rate of $1,000,000 per week it will take some time for them to make an impression on $22,000,000. Furthermore, the $22,000,000 in gold requires about $28,000,000 in currency to carry them; and unless there is a short interest to borrow this gold at high rates, it will be difficult to maintain the present price. The amount of gold in the banks yesterday was about $30,000,000, when the price ranged about 126; and in what way an addition of $22,000,000, or nearly three times the amount, can be engineered to maintain the price above 126, is not very apparent, even as a stock-jobbers' argument.

—The statement of the United States Mint for the month of April, shows that the gold deposits from all sources amounted to $1,503,-798 46, and of silver, to $21,894 44—in all, $1,525,-188 51. The gold coinage in the same time was $1,392,200, and the silver $29,161 46—being nearly all half dollars. The copper coinage was in value $21,550, and covered 1,328,000 pieces, being mostly in one and three cent pieces. The number of pieces of all kinds coined during the month were 1,437,231, of the aggregate value of $1,443,111 53.

—Many applications having been made to the United States Treasury for specimens of the different fractional currency notes issued by the government for cabinets and albums, a proposition is under consideration, which, if it is expected, will be favorably decided, to print the face of each note on one sheet and the back on another, and on the reverse of each half note to print the word "specimen," in bronze, which cannot be erased. These notes it is proposed to sell for half the price of the face, and redeem them, if presented, at the same value. It is believed that a considerable sum will accrue from their sale.

—The imports of dry goods are shaking off a little, but of general merchandize continue large. New York last week and this week in foreign goal value was over six millions of dollars. With such an amount of imports the demand for gold to pay duties will not permit a decline in the premium.

—The New York *Times*, of May 2, says:

"Government securities held their ground quite stubbornly, despite the adverse influence in the original 5-20s of some extent, and to-day options, put out by foreign houses, at 10½ @ 10¾, flat. May coupon off. Rumors were industriously circulated of the return of heavy lines of the bonds by the Secretary, but the inquiry enables us to say that there was very little foundation for these rumors. The amount of the bonds brought back by this arrival is quite small, and not a dollar's worth by any single one of the great dealers on Wall or Nassau streets. All of the importations available at the ruling figures, were speedily absorbed. The latest London quotations for the 5-20s (to the evening of the 21st of April) are 70¾@70¾, showing a further decided improvement in that market, which closely strong on an active investment demand, as reported in the correspondence of the leading houses in the foreign interest. The commission firms were very busy buying the coin-interest claim of the Five-Twenty bondholders, most of whom were reinvesting the proceeds in one or another of the national funded stocks, Seven-thirties seem mighty meeting with most favor from this class of purchasers. All issues of the Treasury notes were in brisk request and buoyant in price."

—Thus far in the current fiscal year the National Treasury receipts from internal revenue have been $203,590,309, or monthly average of $26,336,030, which would make the whole *year's income equal to three hundred and sixteen millions dollars.*

Dry Goods and Carpet Trade.

NEW YORK, May 3.—There is a moderate trade doing to-day, with a steady market. Goods are not likely to fall much more. Brown and bleached goods have been sold at very low prices lately by a few houses, but their extreme low rates are not to be taken as the market price. Many styles of French and British goods are scarce to-day, and in active demand, through the auction houses, as now for good styles they could realize much more. Prints—Allen's, 18½; American, 18; Amoskeag, 15; Cocheco, 20; Dunnell's, 17; Garner & Co., 18; Lancaster, 16; Merrimac, 18; Pacific, Pacific A, 23½; Printed Delaines—Armures, 23½; Hamilton, 22½; Pacific, 23½; Shirting and Shirting Prints—Amoskeag A, 22½; do B, 22½; Appleton A, 20½; do C, 19; do D, 20; do E, 17; Atlantic, A, 23; Augusta, 18; Boot H, 16; Broadway, 22; Great Falls M, 21; Indian Head, 22½; Iacouia, B, 20; Lonsdale, 20; Laurel H, 23; Ludlow A, 16½; Massachusetts, 19; Nashua Extra, 20; Oregon D, 19; Pacific A, 23½; Park, 18; Pepperell E, 24; do R, 22½; do O, 22½; Shirting Stripes—Bay Mills, 20; Canoe, 14; Harris No. 1, 28; Hill Sem, 32½; Home, 21; Hope, 20; James, 20; Langdon, 22½; Lonsedale, 34; New York Mills, 47½; Palmer River, 25; Reynolds A A, 23; Slater, 25; Wamsutta, 33; do, 28; do, 40.

In carpets there has been a fair trade doing, and prices remain very firm. The stocks of all desirable goods are reduced. The market for mattings showded a weakness at the last auction sale, and prices went lower. The boot and shoe trade is only moderately active, and prices are without material change. In the hardware trade, the jobbers are still doing a fair business with the west. California is also having a moderate amount of goods, but the southern is light and nearly all over for the season. The market remains firm for about everything but stocks, sellers accumulating a little more in some articles.

Review of the New York Grocery Market

(From the Commercial List, May 2.)

Coffee—The market continues quiet, the demand being only moderate, without particular change in prices, though the tendency is rather in buyers favor, especially for the medium and lower grades, which are plenty and neglected. The sales are 2540 bags Rio, per Parkside, at 18½c, 160 Arbostura, 19; 80 Java, 26; 325 pockets Singapore, part 24 gold; 5015 do Rio, per St. Ursula, 800 do, per Zingara, 766 Santos, per Adelgunde, 730 Laguayra, and 300 St. Domingo, on terms not made public. The stock of Rio in the country is 76,684 bags here, 11,000 in New Orleans, 27,000 in Mobile, and 14,000 in Baltimore—total 104,32[illegible]bags.

Sugar—On Saturday last there was but little done in raw, but Monday, in fact, pretty generally entered the market, and a large business was done, the sales reaching about 3100 hhds, the decline in gold, however, had a tendency to weaken the market a little, but the sales made showed no particular change in prices; yesterday the business was again moderate, but with some reaction in gold, prices were supported, and the market closed steadily at our quotations of Friday last. Refined is not active, and prices are rather easier; hard, 14½@15c; soft whites, 14½@15c; and yellow, 13¾@14¾. Messrs. Smart quote their best crushed, granulated and ground, 15¾c; white A, 15; and yellow C, 14¾ cash. The sales of new are 3336 hhds Cuba, at 10½@12c; 40 do inferior, 9; 128 do clarified, 12¾@13¾; 479 Porto Rico, 10¾@13¾c; 25 barbadoes, 11; 1720 bxs Havana, 9¾@14¾, and 4567 bags brown Pernambuco, 10½c, 4 mos. By auction, 90 bxs damaged Havana sold at 12@12½c, cash.

Rice—Rangoon continues in good demand, and with a firm market, prices are well supported; a notice 1600 bags in lots, at $8,87½@9,12½; 2000 do, $4,12½@4,37½, and to arrive, 1600 do, at $4@4,25, both gold, in bond.

Financial Matters in New York.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Gold closed at 1,27½@ 1,28¾. The market for sterling is firmer, at 109¾@109¾ for bankers' bills, with moderate demand.

The Stock Market at the second regular and last open boards was more active, and prices were higher right through. The Government Securities were firmer this afternoon and in demand; 1881 Coupons, 108¾@109; Five-Twenty Coupons, 101¾@102; Ten-Forty Coupons, 99¾@99¾; Seven-Thirty Notes, 101¾@ 102; Western Union Telegraph, 60; Quicksilver, 54; Erie, 74¾; New York Central, 92½; Hudson River, 110½; Michigan Southern, 77½; Illinois Central, 124.

The following are the principal changes in the statement of the public debt: There has been an increase in Five Twenties, amounting to $562,000, while the issue of Compound Interest Notes has been reduced $5,000,000, and of Five Twenty Notes, $1,500,000. The amount of Greenbacks has been reduced over $7,500,000, while the Coin in the Treasury has been increased from $22,098,700 to $76,676,407. The total debt shows a decrease of $15,366,674, compared with the last return.

Petroleum and Mining Stocks were quiet and steady this afternoon; Buchanan Farm, 37; Pit Hole, 26½; Shade River, 35; United States, 93.

Mining Stocks—Adelmore, 210; Downieville, 40; Gunnell Gold, 109; Holman, 42; Smith & Parmelee, 10,15.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, May 3.—Flour in firm demand; fair Canada spring extra, at $9@9,50; Western spring extra, at $9,75@9; extra State, at $8,50; White Colorado and western, at $11@12. Wheat; sales of No. 2 Chicago spring, at $1,29; other grades scarce and nominal; No. 1 Corn offered to arrive at 63½c, without buyers; Chicago, 60c; Toledo, 62c; Canada, 52c; Barley Canada, $1. Whisky nominal. Pork $29@29,50. Lard 20¾@ 20¾c. Canal freights dull. Oats to New York 7½@8c. Prime lumber to Albany per foot 3c over toll.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, May 3.—Flour steady but active; Wheat steady, at $1,54½ for No. 1, and $1,06@ $1,09 for No. 2; Corn firm, at 48@48c for No. 1, and 44½@45½c for No. 2; Oats quiet, 29@30¾ for No. 1, 26¾ for No. 2; Highwines, $2,22 in bond; Pork, $28@28; Lard, 20@20½; Freights firmer; 8c on Corn to Buffalo. Receipts 5,500 bbls flour, 21,000 Wheat, 85,000 Corn, 70,000 Oats. Shipments, 9,000 bbls Flour, 2,000 bushels Wheat, 21,000 Corn, 31,000 Oats.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, May 3.—Flour firm. 15,000 bush. Milwaukee Wheat sold at $1,90 to 1,95. Whisky dull and unchanged. Mess Pork opened buoyant, at $28,50, and closed quiet at $28. Lard in better demand, at 20c. Gold 127.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, May 3, 1866.

The produce markets are quiet but steady with a fair local demand for most of the leading commodities, while prices have undergone no material change.

GROCERIES—Cuba Sugar is selling in a regular way at 12 to 13; Porto Rico, 13 to 14; Crushed 17@17½; "A" Coffee 16½@16¾; "AB" do, 15¾@16. Rio Coffee is selling at from 25 to 27, for common to strictly prime; Porto Rico Molasses 70 to 75; New Orleans do $1,10@1,15. Rice 10¾ for Rangoon, and 12¾ for Carolina.

GRAIN—Wheat is firm and in demand, and Club is held firmly at $2. Corn is firm with sales of 600 bush shelled, on wharf, at 70; and 1 car sheiled at 75. Oats firm with regular sales from store at 65@65. Barley is in request with 90 cts offered for prime spring. No movement in Rye.

FLOUR—Is firm and in very limited supply, and it is very difficult for dealers to supply the wants of their regular customers. Spring Wheat Family is still quoted at $10@10½; and White Wheat brands, at $11@12. Several large lots are *en route* from St. Louis, some of which will reach here this week.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm and tending upward. We note sales at 13¾ for 25% Shoulders; 19@ 19½ for Ribbed Sides; 21@21½ for Plain Sugar Cured Hams; and 22¾ for Canvassed ditto. Lard is firm at 21@21½ for prime city. Mess Pork is held at $30.

POTATOES—Demand a little better, and as arrivals are falling off, the market is a shade firmer, and prices are tending upward. We continue to quote at $1@1,15 per bush from store, and $3,20@3,30 per bbl, according to quality. Sale of 2 cars common, on track, at $2,75 per bbl.

BUTTER—Is quiet and in rather better supply but unchanged; sales of good to prime Roll at 40@45.

EGGS—Continue dull and irregular—sales reported at 15@17.

CHEESE—Is dull but unchanged—regular sales of Goshen at 23@24.

OIL—Lard Oil is firm and higher. Sales of No. 1 at $1,80, and No. 1 Extra at $1,85.

DRIED FRUIT—Is in better demand and firmer. Sales of Apples at 14 to 16, and Peaches at 18@22, for quarters and halves.

SEEDS—We are cognizant of 60¾ having been offered for sale, and refused for a small lot of Clover Seed. Flaxseed is in demand at $2,[illegible]. No Timothy in market.

SORGHUM—Is dull at 60 to 65.

BEANS—Very dull, but prime small White are still quoted at $1,75 per bush.

SALT—Is dull and drooping; it is quoted at $7,40, by the car load.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, May 3, 1866.

CRUDE—There was again a very good demand for Crude to-day, and the market ruled firm, with an upward tendency. Quotations may be fairly given at 13½@14, bbls returned and in bulk, and 18½@19, bbls included—with one sale of heavy gravity at 14½. The advices from the east continue favorable, while at the well holders at 14@15, and $40@45, and the supply is reported light, and a great many of the well owners, it is said, are sold ahead. The reported sales to-day reached in the aggregate, over five thousand barrels, as follows: 800 bbls, in bulk, at 13½; 1000 at 13¾; 200 at 13¾; 225 at 14; 114 at 13¾; 300 "Smith's Ferry" at 13¾; 725 at 14; 100 at 13¾; 528, low gravity, at 14; 600 "Franklin oil" at 14¾; and 700, to be delivered in Philadelphia, at 25, packages included. In addition to the above, it was reported that a sale of 500 bbls, for July delivery, had been consummated, at 16c.

REFINED—There was quite an active demand for bonded oil to-day, both for present and future delivery, and while the market is firm and somewhat excited, the extreme views of refiners has a tendency to retard operations. Sale of 500 bbls for May delivery, in Philadelphia, at 41; 500 for June, at 42; 500 for June, at 43; and 500 for July, at 44¾. We are cognizant of 34¾ having been offered for May, free on board cars here, and refused. Parcels of small quantities for Philadelphia buyers are offering, 45@45½, and 46@47 for September. Free Oil is quiet but a shade firmer, being quoted at 29@33.

NAPHTHA AND RESIDUUM—There is apparently no demand whatever for Naptha, while Residuum is quiet and dull—last sale reported, 45½ delivered in Philadelphia.

ARRIVALS—The arrivals of oil by the Allegheny river, since our last report, were as follows:

D. M. Sidgerton	1500	Fisher & Bro	2400
Bowser & Burke	800	Davis & Bro	1800
Miller & Edwards	800	Jas Wilkins	350
W. P. Logan	353	S. M. Kier	488
Nat. Ref. Co	353		
Total			9104

CENTRAL LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, May 3, 1866.

CATTLE—There was quite an active demand for cattle this week, and with compartively light arrivals, a limited supply, and an unusually large number of buyers in attendance, the market ruled very firm, and good cattle sold readily at extreme prices. The favorable character of the reports received from the East a tendency to stimulate shippers, and at the same time stiffen holders, and the great proportion of the cattle on sale sold readily, and that, too, at full rates. Prime fat cattle, sellable for retailing in the eastern markets, sold at from 7¼ to 7¾ gross, and extra may be fairly quoted at 8 cents. It is said that the best grades of cattle brought as much here as they did in Philadelphia on Monday last, and upon the whole, for reasons already stated, the market ruled in favor of holders, and, having the advantage of buyers, they were not slow in making the most of it. Common and fairish cattle sold at from 6 to 6¾, while [illegible] were in demand at 5 to 5¾. [illegible] were hear of. The arrivals of this particular class of stock have been very light for some time past, which is owing, we presume, to the fact that they meet with very slow sale, and will surely pay for feed bills and cost of transportation. Good fat cattle have been in very good demand for six or eight weeks, and generally, at paying prices to the drover, while the market ruled unfavorable for a small lot of who ship this grade of stock to market, are almost certain to incur a loss.

SHEEP—There was again a brisk demand for sheep, and with a rather light stock and supply, and quite a number of eastern buyers in attendance, the market ruled firm and active, and prices were well sustained. Sheared sheep sold at from 5 to 6 cts, gross, and wooled a from 6½ to 7 cts. The demand seems to be restricted mainly for shorn, as the sales were quite large, while but very few wooled sheep changed hands. Lambs doing in stock sheep and no Lambs offering.

HOGS—The arrivals were rather light this week, and while there was no apparent falling off in the demand, prices have undergone little or no change. To-day, good to prime averages may be fairly quoted at 9 to 9¾ gross, while light averages would not command over 8¾@9. The market is fast on the [illegible] poaching when the demand for fresh pork, both here and in the east, will fall off, and operators are making their calculations accordingly.

SHIPMENTS OF STOCK DURING THE WEEK ENDING MAY, 1, 1866.

	Cattle.	Hogs	Sheep.
Philadelphia		1400	—
New York	1072	5200	—
Baltimore	—	428	—
Way Points	—	—	7944
Total	1360	7028	7944

REPORTED SALES OF HOGS.

Seller.	*Buyer.*	*No.*	*Avge.*	*Price.*
Carter to Orr		122	200	8 37
Imhoff to Orr		122	225	8 62
Hedges to Keys		115	190	9 00
Imhoff to Talmadge		57	188	8 97
Imhoff to Messenger & Co		24	200	8 75
Imhoff to Messenger & Co		25	225	9 50
Logan to Imhoff		25	225	9 25
Gilchreist to Hedges		105	240	9 50
Steele & Co. to Hedges		192	180	8 87
Kearns to Hedges		96	175	8 50
Alsdorf to Hedges		68	180	9 00
Forst to Imhoff		100	238	9 25
Given to Gilchreist & Co		89	240	10 00
Laughlor to Gilchreist		198	220	9 50

REPORTED SALES OF SHEEP.

Seller.	*Buyer.*	*No.*	*Avge.*	*Price.*
Munroe to		288	81	5 25
Hervey to Orr		181	83	5 37
Hashlouser to Orr		250	83	6 00
Smith to Rawl		198	92	6 00
Shields to Cogo	Hedges	402	90	5 62
Deitrich to Hedges		449	100	6 00
Graham to Hashlouser		250	91	5 50
Mckee to Deitrich		200	88	5 00
Thomas to Hesser		128	91	5 00
Heyl to Hesser		402	92	5 00
Huff to Leeds		125	83	5 00
Cole to Hesser		193	99	5 80
Hervey to Orr		64	85	5 37
Hoover to Eerman		120	100	5 75
Evans to Loyd		312	90	5 35
Muhoim to Pancoast		394	97	6 00

REPORTED SALES OF CATTLE.

Maynes to Scurry & Dean, 9 head of extra cattle, weighing 13,950, at 7,75; Maynes to Stewart 51 head of extra cattle, weighing 63,350, at 7,75; Harrison to Mooney 9 head, weighing 34,975, at 7¾; Chaffen to Mooney 16 head, weighing 17,725 at 6,65; England to Talmadge 54, weighing 63,725, at 7,50; Huff to Klemen 80 head, weighing 93,675, at 7½; Hashlouser retailed 21 head at 6¾; Klemen to Smith 19 head at 7½; Johnston to Haas & Co. 19 head, weighing 22,250, at 6¾; Shields to Voter 15 head, weighing 20,250, at 7½; Maynes to Rothchilds & Eckert 41 head, weighing 44,775, at 6¾@6¾.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Cotton steady at 34 for middling. Flour more active and 5@10c better at $7,95@8,40 for extra State; $8,20@8,25 for extra round hoop Ohio; $8,30@12,25 for trade brands; closing firm. Whisky quiet at $2,36@ 2,37½; Western refined at $2,38. Wheat a shade firmer and with moderate milling demand at $1,78 for old No. 2 Milwaukie; $1,81 for old No. 1 do; $1,80 for new No. 2 do; $1,96@1,97 prime No. 1 do, $2,02 for small parcels do; $1,95 for inferior rye in moderate request. Barley eastern 90. Barley with a moderate demand at 78@82 for unsound; quiet; Barley Malt dull. Corn a shade lower 82@84½ for sound mixed western in store, and Oats steady at 64@66 for new mixed western, 70 for old do. Coffee dull, sugar firm at 10¾@ 11 for Cuba Muscovado, and 11¾@12½ for Porto Rico. Molasses steady; Porto Rico 62@70. Petroleum dull at 39@40 for crude; 45@43 for refined in bond. Pork opened active and higher but closed decidedly lower at $28,56@28,87½ for new mess, closing at $28,56@1 regular; $29,-50@29,62½ old do; $29,75@30 prime; also 6,000 barrels new mess for May, June and July sellers and buyers option at $28,87@29,50. Beef steady at $16@20,50 for new plain mess; $21@24,50 for new extra. Beef Hams quiet and firm at $40,50@42. Bacon dull at 21½@21¾ for Cumberland cut; 15¾ for short ribbed and 16 for long clear. Cut Meats firmer and more active at 13½@14 for shoulders, and 18@19 for Hams. Lard firmer at 17½@20¾, and small lots at 21. Butter quiet at 40@46 for Ohio, and 43@44 for State. Cheese dull at 16@22.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, May 3.—Cotton firm and unchanged. Wheat stiff, and better grades higher; No. 1 Spring, $1,75; Prime No. 2, $2,20; Choice, $2,40@2,75. Corn advanced, at 68@75c. Oats dull at 43@46c. Pork higher, at $29,50@ 30,00 for Mess. Bacon active and unchanged. Whisky unchanged.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—Petroleum quiet, at 23¾@24c for crude, 40c for refine 1 in bond, and 56@57c for refined free. Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat firm. Corn dull; yellow at 80c. Mess pork buoyant and advanced $1; sales at $29,50. Lard 20¾@21c. Whisky without change.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, May 3.—Flour quiet and firm. Wheat—Old, steady; New is better; White Michigan, $2,85; Old Amber, $2,60; New, $2,30; A. Amber, $2,45; New White, $2,47. Corn, 1c lower; Sales White at 60c; Yellow, 56c; Mixed, 57½c; Oats steady at 45c; Lake freights dull and unchanged.

Cincinnati Seed Market.

CINCINNATI, May 2—Hardly anything done in clover, and prices are to a great extent nominal at $5@5,25. Timothy dull, and prices nominal at $3,75. The season is now over. Flax is in good demand and prices advanced to $2,35@ $2,40, owing to the advance in linseed oil.

Philadelphia Seed Market.

PHILADELPHIA, May 2.—Cloverseed is dull; small sales are making at $5,25@5,75 per bush for fair to prime. Timoty is scarce; small sales are making at $5,25 per bush. Flaxseed is scarce and in demand, at $2,70@2,75 per bush.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO, R. R. May 3—1 car scrap iron, John Mullen; 1 car lumber, I Langham; 2 bbls eggs, W J Meek; 1 bbl mdse, Shomaker & Lang; 46 bdls forks, Whitmore, Wolf, Duff & co; 30 bdls felloes, McWhinney & Hare; 1 bbl japan, J P Scott; Scott; 14 cases boots, M M Gardiner; 3 cks pot ash, J B Canfield; 30 cks oats, Hitchcock, McCreery & co; 1 car pig iron, Graff, Bennett & co; 120 bbls apples, I H Voigt & co; 125 barrels potatoes, E R Cleveland; 3 cars wheat Daniel Wallace; 6 do do, J S Ligget & co; 1 do barley, Hitchcock, McCreery & co; 600 slabs speltre, Moorhead & co; 100 bbls flour, Wilkins; Linebart; 300 do do, T C Jenkins; 28 tcs lard, F Seibers & co; 14 tcs hams, Cook, Bro & co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD. 431 bbls potatoes, W A Green; 60 hay forks, Beckham & Long; 19 bdls chairs, R R Balger; 2 bbls potatoes, S S Blair; 2 bxs glassware, Atterbury & co; 1 car ore, Dilworth, Porter & co; 162 bgs barley, Spencer & McKay; 94 pcs bacon F Newlin & co; 18 empty ale bbls, J Rhodes; 1 crate glue scraps, A Hoovesler; 4 bbls eggs, Janney, & co, 20 bxs cheese, W P Beck & co; 30 do do, Shomaker & Lang; 1 bx tobacco, E McGraw & co. 9 bales cotton, Taylor & Bro.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI R. R. May 3—1 car corn, R Knox & Son; 2 do, Hitchcock, McCreery & co; 50 bbls oil, John Reid jr & co; 1 car rye, 2 do wheat, Hitchcock, McCreery & co; 12 bbls potatoes, W D Patterson; 100 bbls flour, Jas Wilkins; 1 do do, Martin Connolly; 1 car corn, W W Herron; 1 do wheat, Gilmore, Simpson & co; 3 bbls eggs, M W Rankin; 6 do do, Newcomer, Goe & co; 27 bundles hoes, Whitmore, Wolfe & co.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

CINCINNATI—PER PINE GROVE—22 bbls whisky, A Ballou; 10 bbls marble dust, J C Buffum; 200 roll hides, Jas Benner jr; 60 bales cotton, 2 pkgs sundries, Clark & co; 20 bbls bungs, Clark & Sumner; 28 bales cotton, A H Childs; 6 bags coffee, 1 trc hams, 75 tcrs grease, J Dalzell & Son; 18 bxs soap and candles, J Dunlevy; 200 hides, C Groetzinger & Son; 20 bales hemp, T M Harton & co; 44 bdls lightning rods, J W Hunt; 200 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 7 pkgs hard, I H Lippincan; 3 pkgs furniture, Barbara & Weise; 10 sks feathers, R H King; 5 hhds tobacco, E McGraw; 5 bbls dry fruit, 7 bags, C A Martin; 5 bbls oil, McKay & Bro; 1 bxs bacon, 50 bbls pork do, Jas Wilkins; 1 bale rags, Martin & co; 218 tcs lard, 11 bbls do, 23 hhds bacon, F Sellers & co; 10 tcrs hams, 20 bbls oil, Shomaker & Lang; 13 pkgs liquor, J Seifreth; 5 bbls oil, J B Sneathen, 40 pkgs chair stuff, T B Young.

ST. LOUIS—PER CITIZEN—Bailey, Farrell & co, 150 pigs lead; Lippincott, Fry & co, 16 bxs glassware; H Rumbold, Ben Donoghue, 2 bales hemp, Lappe & Weise, 205 hides; Mair & Davidson, 1 pkg, Wm Bingham, 200 dry hides; W McElroy, 137 do do; Shomaker & Lang, 202 hides, 363 bbls bone; J B Lyon & co, 50 bbls tallow; Bingham & do do; Clark & co, 335 bbls flour; W P Logan, 2469 oil bbls; C Ihmsen & Sons, 200 tons sand.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Pine Grove	Anniwalt
Julia	Coulson
Lexington	Hamilton
Belle	Loughrey
Revenue	Kerr

DEPARTURES.

Urilda	Saint
Petrolia	Colby

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Nora	Devinney
Yorktown	Ebbert

Cincinnati.
Zanesville.
Cincinnati.
Oil City.
Oil City.
St. Louis.

RIVER, WEATHER, ETC.

The river was about stationary last night, with seven feet in the channel by the Allegheny marks last evening. The weather continues quite cool, and at noon yesterday the mercury stood at 48 degrees. Ice froze on all pools of standing water in this vicinity, and the ground freeze was considerable. Business at the landing was very moderate.

The Pine Grove, Capt. Anniwalt, was the only arrival yesterday from Cincinnati. Among other items of her cargo, we notice sixty-nine bales of cotton, bound for New York [illegible] on Tuesday. The Glasgow and Armadillo were advertised to leave the same port on Wednesday for this port. The Importer, Capt. John Nose, was advertised to leave St. Louis for this place on Monday last. The Kenton and Nightingale were also loading at the same time for this port.

The Nora, Capt. Devinney, will leave this afternoon positively for Cincinnati. The Nora has superior cabin accommodations, and passengers could not select a better boat to travel in. Our old friend, Mr. Wm. Black, will have charge of the office, and will see that every one is made comfortable.

The Yorktown, Capt. G. W. Ebbert, is advertised to leave this day for St. Louis. From intimate acquaintance of upwards of fifteen years justifies us in recommending Captain Ebbert to the public, we can most readily give the recommendation. To Pittsburghers he is so well known that any of them going his way are sure to go with him whenever they have the opportunity, and strangers travelling with him once always seek the second opportunity.

We are under obligations for a copy of the steamer's time for an advance copy of her manifest by mail. We wish that we could get the clerks of other steamers to pursue the same course.

The Mammoth steamer tug Ajax was to have left Portsmouth, Ohio, on Tuesday last, with twenty barges in tow, for New Orleans, being the largest tow ever taken south at one time by one boat.

The Messenger, Capt. Jesse Dean, is filling up steadily for Memphis and New Orleans, and will soon be ready to take her departure.

STEAMBOATS.

1866. 1866.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

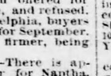
MONONGAHELA RIVER;

Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva,

UNION LINE,

PACKET COMP'Y.

Will run three daily side-wheel steamers between Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville, Rices Landing, Greensboro, Geneva and the Dunkard Oil Regions. This line is composed of the following steamers:



FAYETTE.....CAPT. S. C. SPEERS.
TELEGRAPH.....CAPT. D. BUCHER.
FRANKLIN.....CAPT. J. W. CARMAC
GALLATIN.....CAPT. A. S. CARLILE.

These packets will leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 a. m., and 5 p. m., except Sunday, when the departure will be at 5 o'clock, p. m.

The through packet for the Oil Regions will leave Pittsburgh daily at 6 p. m. Brownsville daily at 5 a. m.

HENDERSON—Leaves Brownsville for Pittsburgh daily at 7 a. m. and 5 p. m.

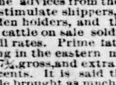
Leaves Greensboro and Geneva at 12 o'clock; Rices Landing at 2 p. m.

Leaves Monongahela City at 5 o'clock.

The line is composed of first-class side-wheel steamers, built expressly for the trade. They will be commanded by officers of long experience, who will pay particular attention to the wants and comfort of passengers. The boats will leave promptly at the hour advertised.

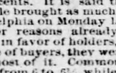
Freights Received at all Hours.

For further particulars, enquire of
WILLIAM McELROY, Agent,
At the Wharf-Boat, foot of Grant st., Pittsburgh.
L. COLLINS, Agent,
fe19:3md Brownsville, Pa.

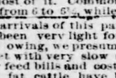


FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The fine steamer
YORKTOWN.....CAPT. G. W. EBBERT.
Will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on THIS DAY, at 4 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
my3 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.—The splendid passenger steamer
NORA.....Capt. H. H. DEVENNEY.
Will leave for the above and all intermediate ports THIS DAY, at 4 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
my3 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.



FOR MEMPHIS & NEW ORLEANS.—The splendid steamer
MESSENGER.....Capt. JESSE DEAN.
Will leave as above on THIS DAY, at 4 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
my3 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.



REGULAR PACKET FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA AND ZANESVILLE.—The fine steamer EMMA HARMAN, Capt. C. B. MYERS, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports EVERY TUESDAY, at 4 p. m. Returning, leaves Zanesville every FRIDAY, at 7 a.m. J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

BORING TOOLS.

PETROLIA MACHINE WORKS,

R. E. LECKY,

No. 32 Ohio Street, Allegheny,

Manufacturer of
IMPROVED BORING TOOLS AND FIXTURES USED IN SINKING OIL AND SALT WELLS.

Particular attention invited to his Patented improvements in sizes and joints, made by Randall, U. S., and Low Moor iron, in standard sizes, and numbered, so that parts can be ordered by mail or telegraph, and found a perfect fit at all times.

We also furnish ropes, belting, small tools, &c., to those who may wish it. Engines and machine work made to order. Orders by mail promptly attended to. I am prepared to grant licenses to other manufacturers for these improvements on liberal terms. Box 17 Allegheny P. O.

R. E. LECKY.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

Departs.		*Arrives.*	
Day Express	2:30 a m	Mail	1:50 a m
Altoona Accom'n	7:30 a m	Fast Line	2:40 a m
Cincinnati Exp's	9:30 a m	1st Wall Accom'n	6:20 a m
Mail	11:40 a m	Penn Ac'n No 1	7:50 a m
Phil's Express	4:10 p m	2d Wall Accom	8:50 a m
Johnstown Ac'n	2:50 p m	Johnst'n Accom.	9:50 a m
Fast Line	10:05 p m	Phil's Erie Mail	12:30 p m
1st Wall Accom	6:20 a m	Baltimore Exp's	1:30 p m
2d " "	11:50 a m	3d Wall Accom	2:20 p m
3d " "	4:30 p m	Phil's Express	2:05 p m
4th Wall's Ac'n	6:05 p m	Wall's Ac'n No 4	7:00 p m
Penn Ac'n No 1	10:50 p m	Altoona Accom.	
		& Emigt Train	10:50 p m

The church train leaves Walls' Station every Sunday at 9:15 a.m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:30 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati.

Departs.		*Arrives.*	
Fast Line	2:30 a m	Fast Line	9:00 a m
Mail	6:20 a m	Mail	3:50 p m
Express	2:20 p m	Express	1:10 a m
Steubenville Accommodation	4:15 p m	Steubenville Accommodation	10:10 a m

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago.

Departs.		*Arrives.*	
Express	a m	Express	2:03 a m
Express	58 p m	Express	9:13 p m
Express	2:58 p m	Express	3:23 p m
Mail	7:13 a m	Mail	6:13 p m
Wheeling Exp's	5:18 p m		

New Brighton Accommodation leaves Allegheny depot at 9 a.m., 11:30 a. m., 4:20 p. m., and 5:40 p.m., Rochester, 2:18 p. m.; New Castle, 3:30 p. m.; Economy, 10:30 a. m.; Wellsville, 3:30 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Wheeling.

Departs.		*Arrives.*	
Express	2:23 a m	Express	3:56 p m
Express	2:50 p m	Express	9:13 p m
Mail	6:25 p m	Express	3:28 a m

Steubenville Accommodation leaves Allegheny at 3: p. m.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville.

| *Departs.* | | *Arrives.*